

**CIRCUIT COURT OF MARYLAND FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY**  
 401 Bosley Avenue, P.O. Box 6754, Towson, MD, 21285-6754  
 Main: 410-887-2601



Case Number: C-03-CR-20-002995  
 Tracking Number: 180001854535  
 Other Reference Number(s): D-08-CR-20-001544  
 2029930549

STATE OF MARYLAND VS. DIANA RENA WILLIAMS

**EXPUNGEMENT CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE**

On 11/18/24, I have complied with the Order or Notice for Expungement of Records dated 06/12/2024 entered in the above-captioned case.

Defendant: Diana Rena Williams  
 131 Calvin Hill Ct.  
 Dundalk, MD 21222  
 DOB: 09/05/1959

Custodian: Stacie A. Emerson  
 Signature: [Handwritten Signature]  
 Printed Name: Kim Walden  
 Title: Lead Criminal Worker

NOTE TO AGENCIES: Return this Certificate of Compliance to court location listed above.

cc: Defendant by first-class mail

Entered: Clerk, Circuit Court for Baltimore County, MD November 13, 2024 CC:SAO;DEF

IN THE MATTER OF STATE OF MARYLAND

VS.

DIANA R. WILLIAMS

BALTIMORE COUNTY

Case No. C-03-CR-20-002995

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3<sup>RD</sup> MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE OVER CRIMINAL CASES TO ASSIGN, NOT JUDGE R. CAHILL, BUT ASSIGN JUDGE GLASS TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S INSTANT MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION TO STAY THE EXECUTION OF EXPUNGEMENT IN JUDGE GLASS' ORDERS DOCKETED ON 8-27-24 AND TO CONTINUE THE STAY ON THE EXPUNGEMENT OF JUDGE GLASS' ORDER DOCKETED ON JUNE 12, 2024 UNTIL THIS CASE IS RESOLVED IN ITS ENTIRETY AND MOTION FOR A HEARING ON

THE MOTION AS PERMITTED UNDER MARYLAND RULE 2-311

I, Diana R. Williams, the Defendant who is being represented Pro Se, hereby, requests that the Defendant's 3<sup>rd</sup> Motion To Have The Judge-In-Charge Over Criminal Cases To Assign, Not Judge R. Cahill, But Assign Judge Glass To Preside Over The Defendant's Instant Motion For Reconsideration To Stay The Execution Of Expungement In Judge Glass' Orders Docketed On 8-27-24 And To Continue The Stay On The Expungement Of Judge Glass' Order Docketed On June 12, 2024 Until This Case Is Resolved In Its Entirety And Motion For A Hearing On The Motion As Permitted Under Maryland Rule 2-311 based on the grounds and authorities cited below.

CR59 (a)(4) cites that newly discovered evidence, material for the party making the application that could not have been reasonably discovered and produced earlier, are grounds for granting the Petitioner's Motions. The newly discovered evidence, material for the Defendant, who is being represented Pro Se and making the application, which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Defendant, is that: 1.) For the 3<sup>rd</sup> time, the Defendant is motioning the Judge-In-Charge over assigning a Judge to preside over the Defendant's criminal case to assign, not Judge R. Cahill, but assign Judge M. Glass to preside over the Defendant's instant Motion for Reconsideration to Stay the execution of expungement in Judge Glass' Orders docketed on 8-27-24 and to continue the Stay on the expungement of Judge Glass' Order entered in this case on June 12, 2024 until this case is

11/13/2024 6:10:05 AM

**DENIED**

IN THE



CIRCUIT COURT

Robert E. Cahill, Jr.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

resolved in its entirety because: a.) Judge Glass is the Judge who initially presided over the Defendant's Expungement hearing June 9, 2024, is the Judge who ordered 30-day Stay on the granting of the Defendant's Expungement because Judge Glass informed the Defendant that her criminal case would no longer exist without the Stay on the Expungement. b.) Judge Glass is the presiding Judge whose 8-27-24 Order the Defendant responded to in her 9-4-24 Motions, in which one of her Motions pleads for the Judge-in-Charge Over Criminal Case to assign Judge Ml. Glass, to preside over the Defendant's Motion to Stay the execution of expungement in Judge Glass' Orders docketed on 8-27-24 and to continue the Stay on the expungement of Judge Glass' Order entered in this case on June 12, 2024 until this case is resolved in its entirety. c.) There is appearance that the presiding Judge, Judge R. Cahill, would be impartial and/or biased due to the fact that the Defendant is alleging in her other Motions mailed on this same day, namely, 10-21-24, that Judge R. Cahill have breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 by ignoring the Rule of Law and, thus, failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order docketed on 10-11-24, which responds to the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24 Motions, any material facts and/or legal argument in the Defendant's 7-page Motion and which substantiate the allegations that the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judges, namely, Judge Alexander and by Judge S. Bailey; also, Judge R. Cahill failed to allow the Defendant her right to a hearing on her Motions as permitted under Maryland 2-311. d.) The evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge Cahill Order docketed on 10-11-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, from which Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate that Judge R. Cahill violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by ignoring the Rule of Law in failing to disclose, consider, and resolve, in his Order, whether Judge S. Bailey breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21, especially in view of the material facts that the presiding Judge, Judge Alexander, failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in her Findings and Order docketed on 9-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions, if Judge S. Bailey breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 s by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets because the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. 2.) For the 1<sup>st</sup> time, the Defendant is pleading that the Judge-in-Charge of presiding over assigning Judges to preside over the Defendant's Motions order that the presiding Judge grant the Defendant her right to have a hearing on the instant Motion as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311 and as pleaded in the Defendant's Motion.

As evidenced in the 6-13-24 Order by Judge Glass, the presiding Judge over the Defendant's June 9, 2024 hearing, granted the Defendant's request for expungement, which substantiate that the Defendant had completed the requirements as mandated in Judge Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order. During the hearing, Judge Glass informed the Defendant and the other party that she was ordering a 30-day Stay on the expungement, otherwise, the case would be dismissed because the Defendant criminal case would no longer exist and, thus, the Defendant's 6-1-23 Motions and/or any other Motions filed by the Defendant would not be disclosed, considered, or resolved due to the criminal cases no longer existing. Still too, as evidenced in the transcript of the hearing held on 6-9-24, after Judge Glass informed the Defendant that there was a document in the record of the 5-20-21 hearing before Judge Bailey that declared that the Defendant's legally owned firearm and ammunition are "forfeited", the Defendant informed Judge Glass that she does not recall ever hearing Judge Bailey state that her firearm and ammunition were being forfeited and had she read or had known about there being such a stipulation in the plea agreement of her right to possess her legally owned firearm and ammunition, she [the Defendant] would have certainly not agreed to a plea bargain. Still too, as evidenced in the transcript of the hearing on 6-9-24, the Defendant informed Judge Glass that, although the Complainant never appeared for the hearing, the Defendant asserts that she would have certainly requested to move forward with a jury trial if she knew that having her firearm and ammunition forfeited was part of the plea bargain. Also, during the hearing, the attorney representing the State of Maryland informed Judge Glass that, since the Defendant had fulfilled her requirement for expungement by the State of Maryland, the State of Maryland would not disagree with the Defendant receiving her firearm and ammunition. Moreover, during the hearing, the State of Maryland informed the presiding Judge that, in mandates in Judge Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, there is no citing that the Defendant's firearm and ammunition are forfeited as part of the Probation/Supervision Order, and the attorney from the State of Maryland walked over to the Defendant's side of the Court and showed the Defendants a copy of Judge Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, although the Defendant had her copy of this same Order with her and was viewing it. Further, the Attorney representing the State of Maryland has remained acquiesce relative to the Defendant's Motions mailed and/or docketed on 7-10-24, 9-4-24, and her 2<sup>nd</sup> Motions mailed on 10-1-24. !

As evidenced in the 6-25-24 Findings and Order by Judge S. Bailey, which responds to the Defendant's 6-1-23 Motions, the presiding Judge denied the Defendant her right to possess her firearm and ammunition and cited no concrete and tangible evidence from the record to justify her denying the Defendant her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment right to own and repossess her legally owned firearm and ammunition. As evidenced in the Defendant's instant Motions, in her other Motion mailed also on 10-1-24, and in her Motions mailed and/or docketed on 7-10-24, 9-4-24, and/or in her 2<sup>nd</sup> Motions mailed on 10-1-24, the Defendant is appealing Judge S. Bailey's Findings and Order and, will continue to appeal until justice is rendered, therefore, the Defendant criminal case is on-going, and, thus, it is necessary for the Judge Glass or another presiding Judge continue to Stay the execution of Expungement in Judge Glass' Order docketed on 8-27-24 and to continue the Stay on the expungement of her Order docketed on June 12, 2024 until this criminal case is resolved in its entirety.

The evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts stated in his Order docketed on 10-11-24, which responds to the material facts and legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, substantiate the allegations that Judge R. Cahill breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order: a.) if the evidence substantiate the allegations that the previous presiding Judge, Judge Alexander, infringed upon the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in her 9-25-24 Findings and Order, which respond to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions, which respond to Judge Glass' Order docketed on 8-27-24, the allegation that the other presiding Judge, Judge S. Bailey, violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions). b.) if the evidence substantiate the allegations that Judge S. Bailey, the other former presiding Judge, violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order in refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully been in compliance all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21 and since the presiding Judge, Judge Alexander, failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in her Findings and Order docketed on 9-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's Motions docketed on 9-4-24, which respond to Judge Glass's Order docketed on 8-27-24, the allegations that Judge S. Bailey, the other former presiding Judge, violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 in her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 in her Findings and Order docketed on 6-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-

The evidence of the dates of the denials in the Findings and Orders by the presiding Judge, Judge R. Cahill, on Sunday, October 6, 2024 and on Sunday, October 13, 2024, to the Defendant's 2 Motions mailed on 10-1-24 substantiate that Judge R. Cahill denied the Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration before he denied the Defendant's other Motion, namely, her Motion to Stay Judge Glass' Order to execute expungement docketed on 8-27-24. On 10-11-24, the Clerk docketed the Findings of Judge R. Cahill which denied the Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration, whose Heading is entitled "MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE OVER CRIMINAL CASES TO ASSIGN ANOTHER JUDGE TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION GERMANE TO JUDGE ALEXANDER'S ORDER DOCKETED ON 9-25-24 BECAUSE IN THE INSTANT MOTION JUDGE ALEXANDER IS BEING ALLEGED TO HAVE VIOLATED THE DEFENDANT'S 14<sup>TH</sup> AMENDMENT RIGHT, HER 2<sup>ND</sup> AMENDMENT RIGHT, AND HER CIVIL RIGHT UNDER TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTION 242 AND MOTION FOR A HEARING ON THE MOTION". On 10-15-24, the Clerk docketed the Findings of Judge R. Cahill which denied the Defendant's Motion to Stay Judge Glass' Order to execute expungement, whose Heading is entitled "2<sup>ND</sup> MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE OVER CRIMINAL CASES TO ASSIGN JUDGE GLASS TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO STAY THE EXECUTION OF EXPUNGEMENT IN JUDGE GLASS' ORDERS DOCKETED ON 8-27-24 AND TO CONTINUE THE STAY ON THE EXPUNGEMENT OF JUDGE GLASS' ORDER DOCKETED ON JUNE 12, 2024 UNTIL THIS CASE IS RESOLVED IN ITS ENTIRETY AND MOTION FOR A HEARING ON THE MOTIONS".

23, as a result of infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order in refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully been in compliance all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21.

Moreover, the evidence of the fact stated in and/or the lack thereof of fact cited in Judge R. Cahill's Order and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions, from which Judge R. Cahill's Order respond to, substantiate the material facts that Judge R. Cahill fails to disclose, consider, and resolve any of the material facts in the Defendant's Motions to substantiate the Defendant's allegations that her 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 were infringed upon by the presiding judges, namely, Judge Alexander and Judge S. Bailey. Also, in her Finding and Order docketed on 9-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's Motion docketed on 9-4-24, Judge Alexander fails to disclose, consider, and resolve if the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 were infringed upon by Judge S. Bailey, the previous presiding judge, who is being alleged in the Defendant's Motions to have breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to breaching her own Order cited in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order.

Still too, the evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge R. Cahill's Order docketed on 10-11-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, from which Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate the Defendant's allegations that her 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 were infringed upon by Judge R. Cahill because he failed to, also, disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order whether the allegations in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, namely, that Judge S. Bailey, the other former presiding judge, breached Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to violating her own Order cited in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, especially since Judge Alexander failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in her Findings and Order docketed on 9-25-24, if the material facts and legal arguments cited in the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions substantiate that Judge S. Bailey did violate the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to breaching her own Order cited in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order.

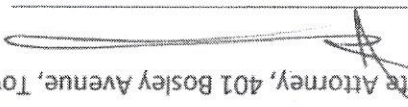
Further, the evidence of the material fact that Judge R. Cahill fails to disclose in his Order docketed on 10-11-24 one material fact and/or legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions, mailed on 10-1-24 and from which he respond in his Order, substantiate the material fact that, without a single explanation for doing so, Judge Cahill refused to grant the Defendant her right to have a hearing on her Motion as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311 and as pleaded for in the Defendant's Motion.

Last but not least, the Defendant is alleging that there is appearance that the presiding judge, Judge R. Cahill, would be impartial and/or biased in presiding over the Defendant's instant Motion or in her other Motion filed on this same day due to the fact that the Defendant is alleging in her other Motions

CC: Honorable President, Military Tribunal

REQUEST FOR A HEARING

Diana R. Williams, Pro Se



I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of October 2024, a copy of the Defendant's foregoing 3<sup>rd</sup> Motion To Have The Judge-In-Charge Over Criminal Cases To Assign, Not Judge R. Cahill, But Assign Judge Glass To Preside Over The Defendant's Instant Motion For Reconsideration To Stay The Execution Of Expungement In Judge Glass' Orders Docketed on 8-27-24 And To Continue The Stay On The Expungement Of Judge Glass' Order Docketed On June 12, 2024 Until This Case Is Resolved In Its Entirety And Motion For A Hearing On The Motion As Permitted Under Maryland Rule 2-311 was mailed, postage paid to: Baltimore County State Attorney, 401 Bosley Avenue, Towson, Maryland, 21204.

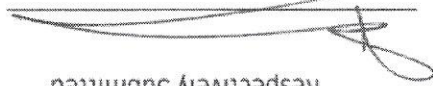
Certificate of Service

410-868-6013

Baltimore, Maryland 21222

131 Calvin Hill Court

Diana R. Williams, Pro Se



Respectively Submitted

Thus, in conclusion, the Defendant pleads that the Court grants her Motions.

CONCLUSION

Defendant's Motions. Maryland Rule 2-311 and as pleaded in the Defendant's Motion, Judge R. Cahill just simply denied the why he failed to grant the Defendant her right to have a hearing on her Motions as permitted under that he had considered all of the Defendant's material facts and/or legal arguments or to substantiate material fact and/or legal argument and/or provide any tangible evidence in his Order to substantiate presiding Judges, namely, Judge Alexander and by Judge S. Bailey. Moreover, without citing a single Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous Motion and which substantiate the allegations that the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, her 7<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 by the Defendant's 7-page to the Defendant's Motions, any material facts and/or legal argument in the Defendant's 7-page ignoring the Rule of Law and, thus, failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order, which responds Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 by mailed on this same day, namely, 10-21-24, that Judge R. Cahill infringed upon the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup>

Tracey M. Miller  
131 Calvert Rd. #21222  
Baltimore, MD 21222

Attention: Supervisory Clerk, Ms. Price

Circuit Court for Baltimore County  
County Courts Building  
P.O. Box 6754  
Gowanus, Maryland 21285-6754

212856754 BPO3



Retail



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DUNDALK, MD 21222  
OCT 21, 2024

\$1.29



CR59 (a)(4) cites that newly discovered evidence, material for the party making the application that could not have been reasonably discovered and produced earlier, are grounds for granting the Petitioner's Motions. The newly discovered evidence, material for the Defendant, who is being represented Pro Se and making the application, which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Defendant, is that: 1.) For the 1<sup>st</sup> time, the evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof or facts cited in Judge Cahill Order docketed on 10-11-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, from which

I, Diana R. Williams, the Defendant who is being represented Pro Se, hereby, requests that the Defendant's Motion To Have The Judge-In-Charge Over Criminal Cases To Assign Another Judge To Preside Over The Defendant's Motion For Reconsideration Relative To Judge R. Cahill's Order Docketed On 10-11-24 Because In The Instant Motion For Reconsideration Judge R. Cahill is Being Alleged To Have Violated The Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, Her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right And her Civil Right Under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 And Motion To Have The Judge-In-Charge Order The Presiding Judge To Have A Motion On The Hearing As Permitted Under Maryland Rule 2-311 based on the grounds and authorities cited below.

**PERMITTED UNDER MARYLAND RULE 2-311**

MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE OVER CRIMINAL CASES TO ASSIGN ANOTHER JUDGE TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION RELATIVE TO JUDGE R. CAHILL'S ORDER DOCKETED ON 10-11-24 BECAUSE IN THE INSTANT MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION JUDGE R. CAHILL IS BEING ALLEGED TO HAVE VIOLATED THE DEFENDANT'S 14<sup>TH</sup> AMENDMENT RIGHT, HER 2<sup>ND</sup> AMENDMENT RIGHT, AND HER CIVIL RIGHT UNDER TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTION 242 AND MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE ORDER THE PRESIDING JUDGE TO HAVE A MOTION ON THE HEARING AS

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\* Case No. C-03-CR-20-002995

\* BALTIMORE COUNTY

\* FOR

DIANA R. WILLIAMS

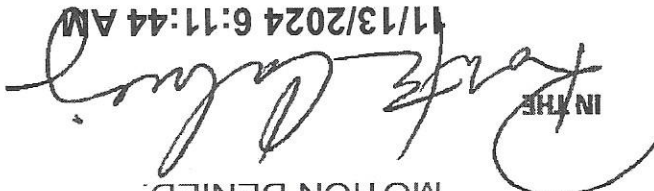
VS.

STATE OF MARYLAND

IN THE MATTER OF

CC:SAO DEF

Entered: Clerk, Circuit Court for Baltimore County, MD  
November 13, 2024

MOTION FULLY READ AND CONSIDERED.  
MOTION DENIED.  
IN THE  
  
11/13/2024 6:11:44 AM  
CIRCUIT COURT  
Robert E. Cahill, Jr.

Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate that Judge R. Cahill has violated the Defendants' 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 due to his simply ordering that the Defendants be "DENIED" without citing a single fact and/or legal arguments to substantiate his only statement, namely, that "ALL REQUEST FOR RELIEF CONSIDERED AND RESPECTFULLY DENIED" and by ignoring the Rule of Law in failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order any material facts an/or legal argument in the Defendant's Motion which substantiates the allegations that the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judge, namely, Judge S. Bailey, under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judge, namely, Judge S. Bailey, who is being alleged to have breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 s by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully been in compliance all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. b.) Judge S. Bailey breaching the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 s by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets since the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. 2.) For the first time, the evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge Cahill Order docketed on 10-11-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, from which Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate that, since Judge Alexander failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in her Findings and Order docketed on 9-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions, if Judge S. Bailey breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 s by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets because the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. Judge R. Cahill violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by ignoring the Rule of Law in failing to disclose, consider, and resolve, in his Order, whether Judge S. Bailey breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. 3.) For the 1<sup>st</sup> time, the Defendant is pleading that the Judge-in-Charge of presiding over assigning Judges to preside over the Defendant's Motions order that the presiding Judge grant the Defendant her right to have a hearing on the instant Motion as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311.

**STATEMENT OF FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

The evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts stated in his Order docketed on 10-11-24, which responds to the material facts and legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, substantiate the allegations that Judge R. Cahill breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order: a.) if the evidence substantiate the allegations that the previous presiding Judge, Judge Alexander, infringed upon the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by failing to disclose, consider, and resolve in her 9-25-24 Findings and Order, which respond to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions, which respond to Judge Glass' Order docketed on 8-27-24, the allegation that the other presiding Judge, Judge S. Bailey, violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) in refusing to grant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully entered on 5-20-21 and the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21 and since the presiding Judge, Judge Alexander, failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in her Findings and Order docketed on 9-25-24, which respond the Defendant's Motions docketed on 9-4-24, which respond to Judge Glass' Order docketed on 8-27-24, the allegations that Judge S. Bailey, the other former presiding Judge, violated the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 in her Findings and Order docketed on 6-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-24 as a result of infringing upon her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) in refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully entered on 5-20-21.

Moreover, the evidence of the fact stated in and/or the lack thereof of fact cited in Judge R. Cahill's Order and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions, from which Judge R. Cahill's Order respond to, substantiate the material facts that Judge R. Cahill fails to disclose, consider, and resolve any of the material facts in the Defendant's Motions to substantiate the Defendant's allegations that her 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 were infringed upon by the presiding Judges, namely, Judge Alexander and Judge S. Bailey. In her Finding and Order docketed on 9-25-24, which respond to the Defendant's Motion docketed on 9-4-24, Judge Alexander fails to disclose, consider, and resolve if the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 were infringed upon by Judge S. Bailey, the previous presiding Judge, who is being alleged in the Defendant's Motions to have breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment

Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to breaching her own Order cited in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, which is Exhibit 1 in the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions.

Still too, the evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge R. Cahill's Order docketed on 10-11-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, from which Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate the Defendant's allegations that her 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 were infringed upon by Judge R. Cahill because he failed to, also, disclose, consider, and resolve in his Order whether the allegations in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, namely, that Judge S. Bailey, the other former presiding judge, breached Defendants' 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to breaching her own Order cited in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, which is Exhibit 1 in the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions, especially Judge Alexander failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in her Findings and Order docketed on 9-25-24, if the material facts and legal arguments cited in the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions substantiate that Judge S. Bailey did violate the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to breaching her own Order cited in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order.

Further, the evidence of the material fact that Judge R. Cahill fails to disclose in his Order docketed on 10-1-24 one material fact and/or legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24 and from which he respond in his Order, substantiate the material fact that, without a single explanation for doing so, Judge R. Cahill refused to grant the Defendant her right to have a hearing on her Motion mailed on 10-1-24 as pleaded in the Motion and as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311. The Hearing in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24 is entitled "MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE OVER CRIMINAL CASES TO ASSIGN ANOTHER JUDGE TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION GERMANE TO JUDGE ALEXANDER'S ORDER DOCKETED ON 9-25-24 BECAUSE IN THE INSTANT MOTION JUDGE ALEXANDER IS BEING ALLEGED TO HAVE VIOLATED THE DEFENDANT'S 14<sup>TH</sup> AMENDMENT RIGHT, HER 2<sup>ND</sup> AMENDMENT RIGHT, AND HER CIVIL RIGHT UNDER TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTION 242 AND MOTION FOR A HEARING ON THE MOTION".

Moreover, the material facts and legal arguments in the Defendant's Motions mailed on 10-1-24, which substantiate the Heading in her Motions and from which Judge R. Cahill's Findings and Order entered 10-11-24 on the Court's website respond to, include the following material facts, namely, that: (1) Due to successfully completing on 5-20-23 all of the conditions mandated in the 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, which is Exhibit 1 in the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions, the Defendant mailed her Motions on 5-30-23, which amongst other things, plead to have her firearm and 15 ammunition returned to the Defendant. The Defendant's Motions were docketed on 6-1-23 and the Heading in her Motions is entitled "1. Motion To Have The Defendant's legal Firearm And Ammunitions Returned To The Defendant. 2. Motion To Have The Defendant's Record Expunged". (2) In the body of the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-23, she declares that, "According to the Probation/Supervision Order issued on 5-20-21, the Defendant was ordered Probation before Judgment (Criminal Procedure Article & 6-220) for two years, with no supervision, to have no contact with the victim, Amy Penn, to surrender firearms, and may not own or possess a firearm during her

probationary period. With today being 5-30-23, the evidence of the material fact that the Defendant record available to the Court substantiates the material fact that the Defendant has honored all of her probation requirement. Since the Defendant's has satisfied the Court's requirement in complying with all conditions, the Defendant is pleading that the Court dismiss the action against the Defendant and, thus, no criminal proceeding will take place, and, therefore, the State Prosecutor and/or the Police Department do not need to continue to hold the Defendant's legal firearm and her 15 bullets for evidence during the criminal proceedings. During the arrest of the Defendant on 10-19-20, the police confiscated the Defendant's gun which was inside the Defendant's blue gun case which was closed, six ammunition inside the gun, 9 ammunition, a thumb drive, a piece of paper with notes written it, and the certificate indicating the Defendant's ownership of the firearm underneath the sponge inside the gun case. On this same day and as witnessed by the Defendant's soulmate, Mr. Jimmy Porter, a police officer returned the Defendant's blue gun case and all of the Defendant's items except for her firearm which was loaded with 6 ammunition and the Defendant's 9 ammunition with were under the sponge in the Defendant's gun case. Consequently, the Defendant is pleading that her firearm and 15 ammunition be returned to the Defendant in a timely manner.

Furthermore, the Defendant is pleading that, since she has successfully complied with her 2-year unsupervised probation, the Defendant no longer has a conviction on your record. Therefore, the Defendant is, also, pleading that the Court has her record be expunged as soon as possible." ... 3.) On 6-9-24, there was a hearing on the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-23, presiding over by Judge M. Glass. Amongst her Findings and Orders dated 6-13-24 relating to the 6-9-24 hearing, Judge M. Glass cites that .... "The Court STAYED the entry of the Order for Expungement of Records for thirty days", and Judge J. Glass, also, ORDERED that the "undersigned Court's review of the Court file, the Order for Probation, docketed May 20, 2021, states Petitioner was ordered to "surrender firearms." Additionally, a docket entry from the date of sentencing that "all items seized [are] to be forfeited to the forfeiting authority." As such, this matter SHALL be forwarded to the sentencing Court for consideration of the request to have the seized firearm and ammunition returned to Petitioner as requested in Petitioners' Motion docketed on June 1, 2023." ... 4.) In response to Judge M. Glass' Order dated 6-13-24, Judge S. Bailey, who presided over the Defendant's 5-20-21 hearing and who was the sentencing Court relative to ordering the conditions in her 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 that accompanied the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions), ruled on the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-23 as evidenced in her findings and Order entered on the Court's website on 6-25-24. The evidence of the facts cited in and/or lack thereof of facts stated in Judge S. Bailey's Findings and Order entered on the Court's website on 6-25-24, and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments declared in the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-23, from which Judge S. Bailey respond to in her findings entered the Court's website on 6-24-23, substantiate the material facts that Judge S. Bailey breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 in failing to permit the Defendant to repossess her legally owned firearm and her 15 ammunition although the evidence in the record substantiate that the Defendant had satisfactorily complied with all of the conditions in Judge S. Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order and that Judge S. Bailey did not include in her Probation/Supervision Order that the Defendant will not be allowed to repossess her firearm and 15 ammunition after successfully complying with her Order. 6.) As of 5-20-23, the Defendant successfully maintained and complied with all of the

conditions under Judge S. Bailey's two year mandates in her 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21 and has successfully completed the States 3- year probation requirement before permitting the expungement of the Defendant's criminal case. 7.) Since 5-20-23, the evidence substantiate that the Defendant has successfully maintained and complied with all of the conditions under Judge S. Bailey's two year mandate as ordered in her 4-page Probation/Supervision Order 5-20-21, the 5-20-21 Probation/Supervisory Order and the conditions stipulated under the Order signed by the presiding Judge, Judge S. Bailey, are no longer in effect and/or applicable to the Defendant. 8.) In her Findings and Order entered on the Circuit Court's website on 6-25-24, Judge Bailey doesn't cite specifically what Court Recording and documents contained in the Court record that would justify her denying the Defendant's 2nd Amendment Right to repossess her legally owned firearm and ammunition. 9.) As evidenced by the facts stated in her Findings and Order entered on the Court's website on 6-25-24, Judge S. Bailey, but simply declares that "After review of the Court Recording and documents contained in the Court file, the Motion to Have Defendant's Legal Firearm (sic) [should be "Firearm"] and Ammunitions Returned is hereby DENIED". 10.) As proclaimed in the Defendant's Motions entered on the Court's website on 7-10-24 and which respond to Judge Bailey's Findings and Order entered on 6-25-24 on the Court's website, during the 6-9-24 hearing before Judge M. Glass, the attorney representing the State of Maryland informed the presiding Judge that, since the Defendant had fulfilled her requirement for expungement of her Records by the State of Maryland, the State of Maryland would not disagree with the Defendant receiving expungement and of the repossession of her firearm and ammunition. Also, during the hearing on 6-9-24, the State of Maryland informed Judge M. Glass that there is no citing in Judge S. Bailey's Probation/Supervision Order entered on the Circuit Court's website on 5-20-21 that asserts that the Defendant's firearm and ammunition are forfeited. After this statement, the attorney representing the State of Maryland walked over to the Defendant's side of the Court and showed the Defendants her copy of page 3 of Judge S. Bailey's 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, namely, condition number 33 box, whose box is checked and the only statement written is "Surrender firearms and Def may not own or possess a firearm". The Defendant had her own copy of this same Order and was, already looking at the same page when the attorney representing the State of Maryland came over to the Defendant's seating. 11.) The Attorney representing the State of Maryland, has remained silent and has not responded to any of the Defendant's Motions mailed and/or hand-delivered to the Office of the State of Maryland on 6-1-23, 7-10-24, 9-4-24, or 2 Motions mailed on 10-1-24, indicating that the State of Maryland are not disputing any of the material facts in the Defendant's Motions. 12.) During the 5-20-21 hearing before Judge Bailey, the Defendant alleges that she does not recall hearing Judge S. Bailey assert that she was mandating that the "forfeiting" of the Defendant's firearm and ammunition as part the plea bargain. 13.) Prior to and/or during the hearing on 5-20-21, the Public Defender who represented the Defendant at the 5-20-21 hearing before Judge S. Bailey never informed the Defendant that the Public Defendant's Office had agreed with the State of Maryland to settle for a plea bargain and that the plea bargain would include having the Defendant's legally owned firearm and ammunition "forfeited". 14.) During the only meeting with this Public Defender, namely, the meeting they had before the hearing on 5-20-21, the Public Defender's responses assured her that he had neither read any of the Defendant's emails forwarded to the attorney whom she had prior to his representing her, namely, Attorney Coleman, especially her email forwarded to Attorney Coleman on 11-6-21 and the Defendant's Official Complaint

to the President of the U.S. and others government officials against the Police Department, the State of Prosecutor's Office, and others. In her Official Complaint, which the Defendant alleges that she mailed a copy to Attorney Coleman on 11-20-21, the Defendant asserts, amongst other things, the tampering with evidence as it relates to the Defendant's firearms and/or ammunition and/or gun case, removal of evidence relevant to the Defendant's firearms and/or ammunition, and fraud in the facts stated in police report from the Police Department and/or in the charging documents of the State Prosecutor's office germane to the Defendant's firearms and/or ammunition. 15.) On her website, the Defendant has as Exhibits copies of her Official Complaint, and/or Addendums to her Official Complaint against the Police Department, the State Prosecutors Office, and other agencies which has been forwarded to our Hon. President of the U.S. are included on the Defendant's website as Exhibits 83-86 and Exhibits 88-91. 16.) The Defendant is asserting that she has never read or received a copy of the plea bargain, nor did she sign any plea bargain, nor would she have given her Public Defender permission to have her firearm and ammunition forfeited as part of any plea bargain. 17.) The Defendant is asserting that she was never informed by her Public Defender at any time during her only contact with her Public Defender before the hearing on 5-20-21 that part of the plea agreement included confiscating, permanently, her legally owned firearm and ammunition. 18.) As evidenced in the transcript of the hearing held on 6-12-24, after the Court informed the Defendant that there was a document in the record of the 5-20-21 hearing before Judge Bailey that declared that the Defendant's legally owned firearm and ammunition are "forfeited", the Defendant informed the Court that she does not recall ever hearing Judge Bailey state that her firearm and ammunition were being forfeited and had she read or had known about there being such a stipulation in the plea agreement of her right to possess her legally owned firearm and ammunition, she [the Defendant] would have certainly not agreed to a plea bargain. 19.) As evidenced in the transcript of the hearing on 6-12-24, the Defendant informed the Court that, although the Complainant never appeared for the hearing, the Defendant asserts that she would have certainly requested a hearing if she knew that having her firearm and ammunition forfeited was part of the plea bargain. 20.) Also, during the hearing on 6-12-24, the attorney representing the State of Maryland informed the Court that, since the Defendant had fulfilled her requirement for expungement by the State of Maryland, the State of Maryland would not disagree with the Defendant receiving her firearm and ammunition. 21.) During the hearing on 6-12-24, the State of Maryland informed the presiding Judge that, in mandates in Judge Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, there is no citing that the Defendant's firearm and ammunition are forfeited as part of the Probation/Supervision Order, and the attorney from the State of Maryland walked over to the Defendant's side of the Court and showed the Defendants a copy of Judge Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, although the State of Maryland did not know that the Defendant had her copy of this same Order with her. 22.) In responding to Judge S. Bailey's Findings and Order entered on the Circuit Court's website on 6-25-24, the Defendant mailed her Motions on 6-28-24 to the Court and the other party as evidenced by the 6-28-24 receipt from the local post office (Exhibit 2 that accompanied the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions), although the Defendant's Motions were entered on the Circuit Court's website on 7-10-24. The two attachments to the Defendant's 6-28-24 Motions are entered on 7-11-24 on the Circuit Court's website under the title of "Supporting Exhibit", and "Supporting Exhibit 1" is on the Defendant's website as Exhibit 83 and Supporting Exhibit 2" is on the Defendant's website as Exhibit 91. The Heading in the Defendant's 7-10-24 Motions entered on the

The Defendant is asserting that Judge R. Cahill would be infringing upon her 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 due to violating Federal

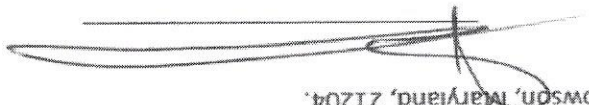
Circuit Court's website on 7-10-24 is entitled "1.) MOTION TO HAVE A RECONSIDERATION OF THE COURT'S ORDER FILED ON 6-25-24. 2.) MOTION TO HAVE A HEARING ON THE MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION. 3. MOTION TO HAVE THE COURT'S ORDER FILED ON 6-12-24 TO STAY THE DEFENDANT'S EXPUNGEMENT FOR 30 DAYS BE EXTENDED UNTIL THE CASE IS RESOLVED". 23.) In the body of her Motions mailed entered on the Circuit Court's website on 7-10-24, the Defendant asserts that "According to the Probation/Supervision Order issued on 5-20-21 by the presiding Judge, Judge Bailey, the Defendant was ordered Probation before Judgment (Criminal Procedure Article & 6-220) for two years, with no supervision, to have no contact with the victim, Army Penn, to surrender firearms, and may not own or possess a firearm during her probationary period. Furthermore, as evidenced by the transcript of the hearing on 6-12-24 before the presiding Judge, the State of Maryland confirmed that the Defendant has, also, completed their required 3 year probationary period, and, therefore, the State of Maryland declared during the hearing that the Defendant meets the qualification for having her record to be expunged and that the State of Maryland will not deny the Defendant her right to have her legally owned firearm and ammunition returned to her. Therefore, the Defendant is alleging that her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, her 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her Civil Right under Title 18 U.S.C., Section 242 have been violated by Judge Bailey's Findings and Order filed by the clerk on 6-25-24 which responds to Defendant's 5-30-23 Motions due to, amongst other things, the material facts that the Defendant has honored all of her probation requirements as, also, reiterated in the 6-13-24 Findings and Order by the presiding Judge.... Further, Judge Bailey fails to include in her Findings and Order filed 6-25-24 any tangible evidence, indicating the specific "Court Recording" or "document" that she alleges substantiate her Finding and Order, but simply alleges in her Findings and Order that "After review of the Court Recording and documents contained in the Court file, the Motion to Have Defendant's legal Firearm [should be "Firearm"] (sic) and Ammunitions Returned is hereby DENIED". 24.) As evidenced in the 6-13-24 Order by the Court, the Court granted the Petitioner's request for expungement, which substantiate that the Defendant had completed the requirements as mandated in Judge Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order and has been in compliance with the mandate for expungement by the State of Maryland since 5-21-24. 25.) As evidenced in the Defendant's Motion docketed 9-4-24, the Hearing is entitled "2<sup>nd</sup> MOTION TO HAVE THE JUDGE-IN-CHARGE OVER CRIMINAL CASES TO ASSIGN JUDGE GLASS TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO STAY THE EXECUTION OF EXPUNGEMENT IN JUDGE GLASS' ORDERS DOCKETED ON 8-27-24 AND TO CONTINUE THE STAY ON THE EXPUNGEMENT OF JUDGE GLASS' ORDER DOCKETED ON THE JUNE 12, 2024 UNTIL THIS CASE IS RESOLVED IN ITS ENTIRETY AND MOTION FOR A HEARING ON THE "MOTIONS". 26.) It is essential that the presiding Judge who issued the 6-13-24 Finding and Order, which included ordering a 30-day stay on the expungement, order another extension to "stay the expungement until the case is resolved, since during the 6-12-24 hearing, the Court informed the parties that she was ordering a "stay of 30 days on the expungement Order, otherwise the case would be dismissed and the Defendant would no longer have a case and her right to have her 5-30-21 Motions considered, disclosed, and resolved by Judge Bailey.



REQUEST FOR A HEARING

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of October 2024, a copy of the Defendant's foregoing Motion To Have The Judge-In-Charge Over Criminal Cases To Assign Another Judge To Preside Over The Defendant's Motion For Reconsideration Relative To Judge R. Cahill's Order Docketed On 10-11-24 Because In The Instant Motion For Reconsideration Judge R. Cahill is Being Alleged To Have Violated The Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, Her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right And her Civil Right Under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 And Motion To Have The Judge-In-Charge Order The Presiding Judge To Have A Motion On The Hearing As Permitted Under Maryland Rule 2-311 was mailed, postage paid to: Baltimore County State Attorney, 401 Bosley Avenue, Towson, Maryland, 21204.

Diana R. Williams, Pro Se



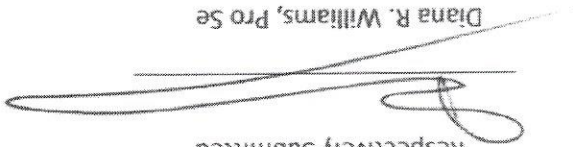
Certificate of Service

410-868-6013

Baltimore, Maryland 21222

131 Calvin Hill Court

Diana R. Williams, Pro Se



Respectively Submitted

The evidence support the fact that Judge R. Cahill and both of the former presiding Judges, namely, Judge Alexander and Judge S. Bailey, have breached the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 in denying the Defendant her right to have a Hearing on the Motions as requested by the Defendant and as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311. The Defendant is pleading that the Judge-in-Charge of presiding over assigning Judges to preside over the Defendant's Motions assign other Judge to preside over the Defendant's instant Motion and order that the presiding Judge have a hearing as pleaded in the Defendant's Motion and due to the Defendant's right to have a hearing on the instant Motion as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311.

Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a) and Maryland Rule 18.102.11 if Judge R. Cahill fails to voluntarily disqualify and recuse himself as the presiding Judge due to there being an appearance that she would be biased and/or impartial in presiding over these instant Motions due to her being in the Motion for Reconsideration of violating the Defendant's 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment Right, her 2<sup>nd</sup> Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. in failing to Order the Defendant's firearm and 15 ammunition returned to her because the Defendant has successfully complied with all the conditions under Judge S. Bailey's 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order.

Monica Mundy  
31 Calvin Hill Ct  
Baltimore, Md. 21222

CR

Attention: Supervisory Associate, Ms. Pina

Circuit Court for Baltimore County  
County Courts Building  
P.O. Box 6754  
Gowanus, Maryland 21285-6754

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Retail



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