

It is ordered that the motion is denied because there is not a sufficient legal or factual basis for the relief requested.

D. Williams

11th of February, 2025

CIRCUIT COURT
 CC: SAO, DEFT
 Entered: Clerk, Circuit Court for
 Baltimore County, MD
 February 11, 2025

IN THE MATTER OF
 STATE OF MARYLAND

IN THE

BALTIMORE COUNTY

DIANA R. WILLIAMS

FOR

VS.

Case No. C-03-CR-20-002995

1ST MOTIONS FOR DISQUALIFICATION OF JUDGE D. ROBINSON, JR. AND TO HAVE HIS ORDERS AND THE ORDERS OF THE PREVIOUS PRESIDING JUDGES DEEMED VOID AS A MATTER OF LAW AND TO HAVE ANOTHER ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE, WHO WAS NOT APPOINTED BY GOV. WES MOORE, FORMER GOVERNORS OF MARYLAND, MARTIN O'MALLEY AND LARRY HOGAN, AND/OR BY FORMER CHIEF JUDGE BARBERA, TO PRESIDE OVER ASSIGNING ANOTHER JUDGE, WHO IS NOT APPOINTED BY WES MOORE, MARTIN O'MALLEY, LARRY HOGAN, AND/OR BY FORMER CHIEF JUDGE BARBERA, TO PRESIDE OVER THE DEFENDANT'S INSTANT MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION RELATIVE TO JUDGE D. ROBINSON, JR.'S ORDER DOCKETED ON 12-5-24 BECAUSE JUDGE D. ROBINSON, JR., ALONG WITH JUDGE R. CAHILL, JUDGE ALEXANDER, JUDGE GLASS, AND JUDGE S. BAILEY, IS BEING ALLEGED TO HAVE VIOLATED THE DEFENDANT'S 14TH AMENDMENT RIGHT, HER 2ND AMENDMENT RIGHT, AND HER CIVIL RIGHT UNDER TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTION 242 DUE TO BREACHING FEDERAL STATUTE 28 U.S.C. & 455(a), MARYLAND RULE 18.102.11 AND/OR MARYLAND RULE 2-311, AND MOTION FOR A HEARING

ON THE MOTIONS AS PERMITTED UNDER MARYLAND RULE 2-311

I, Diana R. Williams, the Defendant who is being represented Pro Se, hereby, requests that the Defendant's 1ST Motions For Disqualification of Judge D. Robinson, Jr. And To Have His Orders And The Orders Of The Previous Presiding Judges Deemed Void As A Matter Of Law And To Have Another Administrative Judge, Who Was Not Appointed By Gov. Wes Moore, Former Governors Of Maryland, Martin O'Malley And Larry Hogan, And/Or By Former Chief Judge Barbera, To Preside Over Assigning Another Judge, Who Is Not Appointed By Wes Moore, Martin O'Malley, And/Or By Former Chief Judge Barbera, To Preside Over The Defendant's Instant Motion For Reconsideration Relative To Judge D. Robinson, Jr.'s Order Docketed On 12-5-24 Because Judge D. Robinson, Jr., Along With Judge R. Cahill, Judge Alexander, Judge Glass, and Judge S. Bailey, Is Being Alleged To Have Violated The Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, Her 2nd Amendment Right, Her Civil Right Under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 Due To Breaching Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a), Maryland Rule 18.102.11, And/Or Maryland Rule 2-311

And A Motion For A Hearing On The Motions As Permitted Under Maryland Rule 2-311 based on the grounds and authorities cited below.

CR59 (a)(4) cites that newly discovered evidence, material for the party making the application that could not have been reasonably discovered and produced earlier, are grounds for granting the Petitioner's Motions. The newly discovered evidence, material for the Defendant, who is being represented Pro Se and making the application, which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Defendant, is that, for the first time: 1.) The evidence of Exhibit I that accompanies these instant Motions and the Exhibits on the Defendant's website, www.williams.com substantiate that on 12-16-24, the Defendant filed an Official Complaint with the State of Maryland Commission on Judicial Disabilities against the presiding Judge, Judge D. Robinson, Jr., and against the previous presiding Judges, namely, Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and against Judge S. Bailey. 2.) The evidence of my website address cited in my 4 Motions docketed since 7-10-24 substantiate that Judge D. Robinson, Jr. and the former presiding Judges, namely, Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey, have had access to the Defendant's website because the Defendant cited her website address in all of her Motions to substantiate other material facts and evidence asserted in her Motions. 3.) Since Judge D. Robinson and each of the former presiding Judges have had access to the Defendant's website address, Judge D. Robinson and the former presiding Judges have had the opportunity to read the Defendant's Motions and the Findings and Orders by the Judges in her present civil litigation and to recognize that the Gov. of Maryland, Wes Moore (herein Wes Moore), two former Governors of Maryland, namely, Martin O'Malley and Larry Hogan, and former Chief Judge Barbera are being alleged in the Defendant's present civil litigation and/or in 2nd Addendum to her 2-18-20 Official Complaint to our Hon. President to have violated Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or conspired to impinge upon Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against Humanity”), committed misconduct in office, and/or have committed other criminal acts. 4.) On 12-12-24 and after researching on the backgrounds of Judge D. Robinson, Jr., it was revealed that he was appointed to his elite Administrative position in 2016 by the former Governor of Maryland, Larry Hogan, and was appointed to his privileged Administrative position in 2023 by Wes Moore, both of whom, again, are being alleged in the Defendant's present civil litigation and/or in 2nd Addendum to her 2-18-20 Official Complaint to our Hon. President to have violated Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or have attempted to and/or conspired to intrude upon Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against Humanity”), committed misconduct in office, and/or have committed other crimes. 5.) Also, during her research on this same day, the Defendant discovered that Judge Glass was appointed in 2014 to her superlative Administrative position by Martin O'Malley. Further, on 12-13-24, after researching the background of Judge S. Bailey, the Defendant discovered that she was, also, appointed to the elite position as a Circuit Court Judge for Baltimore County in 2009 by Martin O'Malley. Moreover, after going online on 12-14-24, the Defendant discovered that Judge Alexander was, too, appointed in 2010 by Martin O'Malley, who, along with Wes Moore, Larry Hogan, and former Chief Judge Barbera, is being alleged in the Defendant's present civil litigation to have breached Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide,

and/or attempted to and/or conspired to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 ("Crimes against humanity"), committed misconduct in office, and/or other committed other crimes. 6.) Under Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a), Judge D. Robinson Jr., Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey should have voluntarily disqualified and recused themselves because the Courts have affirmed that, if a judge issues any Order after he/she has been disqualified by law, then that judge has acted in the of office. And, the U.S Supreme Court has already established that "Fraud upon the Court" makes the Orders and judgments of the Court deemed void and of no effect as a matter of law since there is an appearance that Judge D. Robinson, Jr., Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey would be impartial and/or biased due to having knowledge of the alleged "Crimes against Humanity" that are brought against Martin O'Malley and/or Larry and as a result of being appointed to their distinguished positions as Circuit Court Judges by Martin O'Malley and/or Larry, both of whom are being asserted in the Defendants' present civil litigation, along with Wes Moore, former Chief Judge Barbera, and/or other government officials to have violated Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempted to and/or conspired to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 ("Crimes against humanity"), committed misconduct in office, and/or other committed other crimes. Moreover, in the material facts in the Defendants' Motions mailed on 11-21-24, she asserts that the evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge R. Cahill's Orders docketed on 11-13-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments proclaimed in the Defendants' Motions mailed on 10-21-24, from which Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate that Judge R. Cahill violated the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 due to failing to adhere to Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a) which mandates that he voluntarily disqualify and recuse himself as the presiding Judge and that his Orders are deemed void and of no effect as a matter of law, namely, under Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a), because there is an appearance that Judge R. Cahill would be biased and/or impartial in presiding over the Defendant's instant Motions or presiding over her other Motions mailed on this day since he, Judge R. Cahill, is being alleged in both Motions to have infringed upon the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242. 7.) The evidence of the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge D. Robinson, Jr.'s Order docketed on 12-5-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions docketed on 11-21-24, from which Judge D. Robinson, Jr. responds to in his Order, substantiate that Judge D. Robinson, Jr. has violated the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 due to failing to: a.) allow the Defendant her right to a hearing on her Motions as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311 and knowing from the material facts declared in the Defendant's Motions that all of the other presiding Judges have denied the Defendant's Motion for a hearing on her Motions. b.) state a single material fact and/or legal arguments to substantiate his denial of the Defendant's Motions, but simply writes the word, "DENIED" at the top of the Defendant's 10-page Motions. c.) ignoring the Rule of Law by infringing upon the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 due to denying the Defendant's Motions without disclosing, considering, and resolving in his Order one material facts and/or legal argument in the Defendant's Motion which, unequivocally, disproves the allegations in the Defendant's Motions that her 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right

under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judges, namely, Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and by Judge S. Bailey due to: i.) Judge R. Cahill refusing to determine if the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judges, namely, Judge Alexander and Judge S. Bailey, both of whom are being alleged in the Defendant's Motions to have impinged upon the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judge, namely, Judge S. Bailey, under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judge, namely, Judge S. Bailey, who is being alleged in the Defendant's Motions to have impinged upon the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by violating her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) as a result of refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets, although the Defendant had successfully been in compliance all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. ii.) Judge Alexander refusing to determine if the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated by the previous presiding Judge, namely, Judge S. Bailey, under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by violating her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions) due to refusing to grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets since the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21. iv.) Judge Glass repeatedly refusing to grant the Defendant Motions for Judge Glass to preside over the Defendant's Motions for a continuous stay on the expungement of the Defendant's criminal case and the Defendant's right to have a hearing on the Defendant's Motions, which includes the Defendant pleads for a stay on the expungement so that the Defendant's criminal case, although Judge Glass was the presiding Judge at the 6-9-24 hearing on the Defendant's Motions to repossess her firearm and 15 ammunition and for an expungement of her criminal case who informed the Defendant that, if there was no stay on her expungement, then the Defendant would not be able to file any Motions, including Motions for Reconsideration, because the Defendant's criminal case would no longer exist. 8.) The evidence of the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge D. Robinson, Jr.'s Order docketed on 12-5-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions docketed on 11-21-24, from which Judge D. Robinson, Jr. responds to in his Order, substantiate that, since Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey failed to do so, Judge D. Robinson, Jr. was obligated to determine if the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 were violated upon by Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey, due to Judge S. Bailey violating the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C. Section 242 by refusing to adhere to her own 5-21-20 Probation/Supervision Order and grant the Defendant her right to repossess her firearm and 15 bullets since the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21.

INTRODUCTION

As a believer in JESUS CHRIST as her LORD and personal SAVIOR, the Defendant believes that our great Country is founded on Judeo-Christian principles, which mean that our laws are patterned after the Commandments and Laws in the WORD OF GOD. Thus, in terms of judges being impartial in their ruling, the WORD OF GOD states in Exodus 32:11, "And the LORD spake into Moses face to face as a man speaketh unto his friend", and Moses informed the judges in Israel of GOD'S law and employed the judges over the various tribes in Israel in Judges 6:16-17, saying, "And, I charged your judges at that time, saying, Hear the causes between your brethren, and judge righteously between every man and his brother, and the stranger that is with him. Ye shall not respect persons in judgment: but ye shall hear the small as well as the great: ye shall not be afraid of the face of man: for the judgement is GOD'S; and, the cause that is too hard for you, bring it unto me, and I will hear it."

STATEMENT OF FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The written Due Process Clauses of the United States Constitution require judges to recuse themselves from cases in two situations, namely, where the judge has a financial interest in the case's outcome and where there is otherwise a strong possibility that the judge's decision will be biased. In the United States Constitutional Law, a Due Process Clause is found in both the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution. The Constitution uses the phrase in the 5th and 14th Amendments, declaring that the government shall not deprive anyone of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law. The 5th Amendment protects people from actions of the federal government, and the 14th Amendment protects them from actions by state and local government. The Supreme Court has held that, if a judge wars against the Constitution in breaching the Due Process Clause of the U.S. Constitution or if he/she acts without jurisdiction, then that judge has engaged in treason to the Constitution, which suggests that he/she is engaging in criminal acts of treason and may be engaging in extortion and/or in interference with interstate commerce. Since both treason and the interference with interstate commerce are criminal acts, no judge has immunity to engage in such acts. Relative to Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a), the Supreme Court has ruled and reaffirmed the principle that "justice must satisfy the appearance of justice", Levine v. United States, 362 U.S. 610, 80 S.Ct. 1038 (1960), citing Offutt v. United States, 348 U.S. 11, 14, 75 S.Ct. 11, 13 (1954). In 1994, the U.S. Supreme Court held that disqualification of a judge is mandatory if an objective observer would entertain reasonable questions about the judge's impartiality (Liteky v. U.S., 114 S.Ct. 1147, 1162 (1994). The Court has, too, affirmed that, should a judge not disqualify himself/herself as required by law, then the judge has given another example of his/her "appearance of partiality" which could potentially further disqualify the judge. Further, the Court have determined that, should another judge not accept the disqualification of the judge, then the second judge has evidenced an "appearance of partiality" and has possibly disqualified himself/herself. Moreover, the Courts have affirmed that, if a judge issues any Order after he/she has been disqualified by law, then that judge has acted in the judge's personal capacity and not in the judge's judicial capacity and has, further, violated his/her oath of office. Wherefore, the U.S. Supreme Court has already established that "Fraud upon the Court" makes

As asserted earlier, after research the background of the presiding Judge, the Defendant discovered that Judge D. Robinson, Jr. was appointed to his elite Administrative position in 2016 by the former Governor of Maryland, Larry Hogan, and was appointed to his privileged Administrative position in 2023 by Wes Moore. Also, during her research on this same day, the Defendant discovered that Judge Glass was appointed to her superlative Administrative by Martin O'Malley. Further, on 12-13-24, after researching the background of Judge S. Bailey, the Defendant discovered that she was, also, appointed to an elite position as a Circuit Court Judge for Baltimore County in 2009 by Martin O'Malley. And, on 12-14-24, after going on line to research the background of Judge Alexander, it was discovered that Judge Alexander was, too, appointed in 2010 by Martin O'Malley, who, along with Wes Moore and Larry Hogan, is being alleged in the Defendant's present civil litigation to have breached Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempted to and/or conspired to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against humanity”), committed misconduct in office, and/or other committed other crimes. As a result of having access to the Defendant's website which contain the Defendant's Motions in her present civil litigation, Judge D. Robinson, Jr., Judge Glass, and Judge S. Bailey had access to the Defendant alleging in these Motions that the evidence will substantiate the material facts that Wes Moore, Martin O'Malley, Larry Hogan, former Chief Judge Barbera, and/or other government

The evidence of Exhibit 1 that accompanies these instant Motions and the Exhibits on the Defendant's website substantiate that, on 12-16-24, the Defendant filed an Official Complaint with the State of Maryland Commission on Judicial Disabilities against Judge D. Robinson, Jr. the presiding Judge, against Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and against Judge S. Bailey. The evidence of the material facts and legal arguments in the Defendant's 4 Motions docketed since 7-10-24 Motions substantiate that Judge D. Robinson, Jr. and the former presiding Judges, namely, Judge R. Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey, had access to the Defendant's website because the Defendant cited in her website address in all of these Motions to substantiate other material facts and evidence asserted in her Motions from other documents on the Defendant's website. Since Judge D. Robinson and each of the former presiding Judges had access to the Defendant's website address, Judge D. Robinson and the former presiding Judges have had the opportunity to read the Defendant's Motions and the Findings and Orders by the Judges in her present civil litigation and to recognize that that the Gov. of Maryland, Wes Moore (herein Wes Moore), two former Governors of Maryland, namely, Martin O'Malley and Larry Hogan, and former Chief Judge Barbera are being alleged in the Defendant's present civil litigation and/or in 2nd Addendum to our Hon. President to have violated Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or have attempted to and/or conspired to impinge upon Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against humanity”), committed misconduct in office, and/or have committed other criminal acts.

the Orders and judgments of the Court void and that “a void Order is void at all times, does not have to be reversed or vacated by a Judge, cannot be made valid by any Judge, nor does it gain validity by the passage of time. The Order is void ab initio.” The Supreme Court has decided that, should a Judge issue any Order after he/she has been disqualified by Section 455(a) of the Judicial Code, 28 U.S., and if the party has been denied of any of his/her property, then the Judge could be engaging in the federal crime of “interference with interstate commerce” because the Judge is, again, disqualified by law.

officials have violated Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempted to and/or conspired to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against humanity”), committed in office, and/or other crimes as a result of knowingly and willingly: i.) allowing our children to be exposed to lead-contaminated drinking water and/or lead-based paint hazards for almost three decades. ii.) having ignored the alleged heinous crimes against the owners of the public schools, (the Mayor and Baltimore City Council) from at least 1993 to the present, namely, Kurt Schmoke, Martin O’Malley, Sheila Dixon, Stephanie Rawlings, Catherine Pugh, Jack Young and Brandon Schott, against all of the present members of the City Council of Baltimore City (hereinafter “City Council”), and against those who were members of the City Council since at least 1993 to repetitiously and/or intentionally expose our children to lead poisoning through lead-tainted drinking water and/or lead-based paint hazard, thereby, infringing upon Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempting to and/or conspiring to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against humanity”), committing misconduct in office, and/or committing other possible criminal acts. iii.) refusing to prosecute the owners of the schools, the Officers of the Court, and/or other governmental officials, who are being alleged to have repeatedly and/or deliberately intruding upon Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempted to and/or conspired to violate Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against humanity”), committed in office, and/or other criminal acts and, in some instances, for over 25 years. iv.) and/or having accepted bribes and/or compensation to let the owners of the public schools in Baltimore City, the Judges, and/or other government officials walk free who have been alleged to have breached Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempted to and/or conspired to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C. & 1091 (“Crimes against humanity”), committed in office, and/or other crimes.

Furthermore, in the material facts in the Defendant’s Motions mailed on 11-14-24, she alleges that the evidence of the facts cited in and/or the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge Cahill Order docketed on 11-13-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant’s Motions mailed on 10-21-24, from which Judge R. Cahill responds to in his Order, substantiate that Judge R. Cahill has violated the Defendant’s 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 due to failing to adhere to Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a) which mandates that he voluntarily disqualify and recuse himself as the presiding Judge and his Orders be deemed void and of no effect as a matter of law because there is an appearance that Judge R. Cahill would be biased and/or impartial in presiding over the Defendant’s instant Motions or presiding over

Judge Glass, Judge Alexaner, and Judge S. Bailey would be impartial and/or biased due to being upheld in cases before the Supreme Court, since there is an appearance that Judge D. Robinson, Jr. themselves, and their Orders should be deemed void and of no effect as a matter of law, as have been Judge D. Robinson Jr. Judge Glass, and Judge S. Bailey should have voluntarily disqualified and recused themselves, and their Orders should be deemed void and of no effect as a matter of law, as have been Judge D. Robinson Jr. Judge Glass, and Judge S. Bailey should have voluntarily disqualified and recused themselves, and their Orders should be deemed void and of no effect as a matter of law, as have been

As proclaimed in the Defendant's Motions entered on the Court's website on 7-10-24, which respond to Judge Bailey's Findings and Order docketed on 6-25-24 and of which Judge S. Bailey has yet to respond to, during the 6-9-24 hearing, the attorney representing the State of Maryland informed Judge Glass that, since the Defendant had fulfilled her requirement for expungement of her Records by the State of Maryland, the State of Maryland would not disagree with the Defendant having repossession of

On 6-9-24, there was a hearing on the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-23, which was presided over by Judge M. Glass. Amongst her Findings and Orders dated 6-13-24 relating to the 6-9-24 hearing, Judge M. Glass cites that "... The Court STAYED the entry of the Order for Expungement of Records for the Order for Probation, docketed May 20, 2021, states Petitioner was ordered to "surrender firearms." Additionally, a docket entry from the date of sentencing that "all items seized [are] to be forfeited to the forfeiting authority." As such, this matter SHALL be forwarded to the sentencing Court for consideration of the request to have the seized firearm and ammunition returned to Petitioner as requested in Petitioners' Motion docketed on June 1, 2023." ...

Moreover, the evidence of the lack thereof of facts cited in Judge D. Robinson Jr.'s Order docketed on 12-5-24 and the evidence of the material facts and legal arguments asserted in the Defendant's Motions docketed on 11-21-24, from which Judge D. Robinson, Jr. responds to in his Order, substantiate that Judge D. Robinson, Jr., also, invaded upon the Defendants Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 because: 1.) Judge D. Robinson had a responsibility to disclose, consider, and resolve, if the Defendant's allegations that her 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 were impinged upon by Judge S. Bailey due to Judge S. Bailey trespassing the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to possess her firearm and 15 bullets and the Defendant's right to a hearing as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311, although the Defendant had successfully completed all of the conditions cited in Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Probation/Supervision Order entered on 5-20-21 (Exhibit 1 to the Defendant's 9-4-24 Motions), especially since Judge R. Cahill and Judge Alexander failed to disclose, consider, and resolve in their Findings and Orders if Judge S. Bailey impinged upon the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 by refusing to grant the Defendant her right to possess her firearm and 15 bullets and the Defendant's right to a hearing on these Motions. In the body of the Defendant's Motions docketed on 6-1-23, which are the Defendant's Motions to Judge S. Bailey, which citing amongst other things, the Defendant states that "Furthermore, the Defendant is pleading that, since she has successfully complied with her 2-year unsupervised probation, the Defendant no longer has a conviction on your record." ...

her other Motions mailed on this day since, he, Judge R. Cahill, is being alleged in both Motions to have infringed upon the Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C Section 242 in violating Federal Statute 28 U.S.C & 455(a), Maryland Rule 18. 102.11and Maryland Rule 2-311.

her firearm and ammunition. Moreover, although the Defendant has forward a copy of all of her any material facts or legal arguments alleged in the Defendant's Motions, which include the material facts substantiating the Defendant's right to have her legally owned firearm and 15 ammunition returned to her. Still too, during the hearing on 6-9-24, the State of Maryland informed Judge M. Glass that there is no citing in Judge S. Bailey's Probation/Supervision Order entered on the Circuit Court's website on 5-20-21 that asserts that the Defendant's firearm and ammunition are forfeited. Further, the Defendant informed Judge Glass during the hearing that the Defendant has never read or received a copy of the plea bargain, nor did she sign any plea bargain, and nor would she have given her Public Defender permission to have her firearm and ammunition forfeited as part of any plea bargain. The Defendant proclaims that she was never told by her Public Defender at any time during her only contact with her Public Defender, which was on the day of the 5-20-21 hearing, that part of the plea agreement included confiscating, permanently, her legally owned firearm and ammunition. Moreover, as evidenced in the transcript of the hearing held on 6-12-24, after the Court informed the Defendant that there was a document in the record of the 5-20-21 hearing before Judge Bailey that declared that the Defendant's legally owned firearm and ammunition are "forfeited", the Defendant testified that she does not recall ever hearing Judge Bailey state during the hearing that her firearm and ammunition were being forfeited, and had the Defendant read or had known about there being such a stipulation in the plea agreement of her right to possess her legally owned firearm and ammunition, she would have certainly not agreed to a plea bargain. Further, as evidenced in the transcript of the hearing on 6-12-24, the Defendant informed the Court that, although the Complainant never appeared for the hearing, the Defendant asserts that she would have certainly requested a hearing if she knew that having her firearm and ammunition being forfeited was part of the plea bargain. Also, during the hearing before Judge Glass on 6-9-24, the attorney representing the State of Maryland informed the presiding Judge that, in her copy of Judge S. Bailey's 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, namely, on page 3, only one box is checked and the only statement written is that, during the Defendant's probation, she had to surrender her firearms. Then, the attorney representing the State of Maryland walked over to the Defendant's side of the Court and showed the Defendants her copy of page 3 of the Judge S. Bailey's 4-page Order, but the Defendant asserts that she had her own copy of this same Order and was looking at the same page where the Judge orders the Defendant to surrender her firearms while on probation.

Judge S. Bailey, who presided over the Defendant's 5-20-21 hearing and who was the sentencing Court and who wrote the 4-page 5-20-21 Probation/Supervision Order, ordered in her Findings and Order docketed on 6-25-24 the denial of the Defendant's firearm and 15 bullets and wrote her Findings and Order on the first page of the Defendant's 6-1-23 Motions. As evidenced by her response, Judge S. Bailey fails to cite, specifically, what Court Recording and documents contained in the Court record that would substantiate that the Defendant's agreed to the forfeiture of her legally owned firearm and ammunition and failed to grant the Defendant's right to a hearing on her Motions as requested and as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311 in order to allow Judge S. Bailey the opportunity to produce the evidence that substantiated that the Defendant was aware of any forfeiture of her firearm and 15

As evidenced in the Defendant's Motions most recent Motions and in all of her Motions mailed to the Court and a copy sent to the State of Maryland, the Defendant continues to declare the material facts and legal arguments to substantiate her repeated Motions for Reconsideration and Motions for a

appearance that Judge Glass would be impartial and/or biased due to being appointed to her elite position as a Circuit Court Judge in 2014 by Martin O'Malley, who is being asserted in the Defendant's present civil litigation, along with Wes Moore, Larry Hogan, former Chief Judge Barbera and/or other government officials, to have violated Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C & 1091 – Genocide, and/or attempted to and/or conspired to transgress Federal U.S. Code, 18 U.S.C & 1091 ("Crimes against humanity"), committed misconduct in office, and/or other committed other crimes. of no effect as a matter of law, as have been upheld in cases before the Supreme Court, since there is an should have voluntarily disqualified and recused herself and all of her Order should be deemed void and Section 242 because under Federal Statute 28 U.S.C & 455 (a) and Maryland Rule 18.102.11 Judge Glass Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., that Judge Glass could no longer preside over her Motions because Judge Glass had breached the Motions in her present civil litigation and the Findings and Orders by the Judges, the Defendant knew Martin O'Malley and realized that Judge Glass had access to the Defendant's website which revealed her on 12-12-24 that Judge Glass was appointed to her privileged position as a Circuit Judge in 2014 by Motions and in the Defendant's other Motions mailed on this same day, since the Defendant discovered able to file Motions of any kind because her case would no longer exist. But, as evidenced in these Defendant's criminal case would no longer exist, which means that the Defendant would no longer be Judge Glass during the 6-9-24 hearing, without her extending a stay on the expungement, the to end to stay on the expungement until the criminal case is resolved in its entirety, other as cited by of the Defendant's criminal case being finalized as declared in Judge Glass' final Order issued on 8-27-24 Motion pleading to have Judge Glass preside over her Motions for a continued stay on the expungement the expungement, in all of her Motions docketed since 7-10-24, the Defendant include a separate Although Judge who issued the 6-13-24 Finding and Order, which included ordering a 30-day stay on

owned firearm and ammunition returned to her. " ... declared during the hearing that the Defendant meets the qualification for having her record to be expunged and that the State of Maryland will not deny the Defendant her right to have her legally also, completed their required 3 year probationary period, and, therefore, the State of Maryland asserts, among other material facts that... "The State of Maryland confirmed that the Defendant has, Attorney representing the State of Maryland on 6-28-24. In the body of her Motions, the Defendant 24, the Defendant mailed her Motions, which were docketed on 7-10-24 to the Court and mailed to the in responding to Judge S. Bailey's Findings and Order entered on the Circuit Court's website on 6-25-

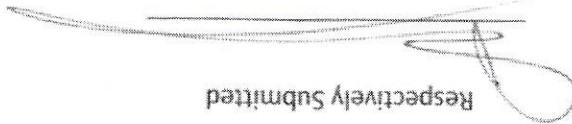
DENIED".
Defendant's Legal Firmwear (sic) [should be "Firearm"] and Ammunition Returned is hereby review of the Court Recording and documents contained in the Court file, the Motion to Have the first page of the Defendant's Motions docketed 6-1-23, Judge S. Bailey simply declares that "After Amendment Right, her 2nd Amendment Right, and her Civil Right under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242. On bullets being part of the plea bargain and that Judge S. Bailey was not transgressing the Defendant's 14th

hearing on her Motions as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311 so that Judge S. Bailey, Judge Alexander, Judge Glass, Judge R. Cahill, and the presiding Judge, Judge D. Robinson, Jr., and both parties to present the evidence to substantiate whether the Defendants allegations that her 2nd Amendment Right, her 14th Amendment Right, her Civil Right under Title 18 U.S.C., Section 241, and/or the Defendant's Civil Right under Title 18 U.S.C., Section 242 have been violated, initially, by Judge S. Bailey, then by the presiding Judges thereafter, namely, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, Judge R. Cahill, and by the presiding Judge, Judge D. Robinson, Jr.

CONCLUSION

The Defendant pleads that her Motions be granted.

Respectively Submitted



Diana R. Williams, Pro Se

131 Calvin Hill Court

Baltimore, Maryland 21222

410-868-6013

Certificate of Service

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 16th day of December 2024, a copy of the Defendant's foregoing 1st Motions For Disqualification of Judge D. Robinson, Jr. And To Have His Orders And The Orders Of The Previous Presiding Judges Deemed Void As A Matter Of Law And To Have Another Administrative Judge, Who Was Not Appointed By Gov. Wes Moore, Former Governors of Maryland, Martin O'Malley And Larry Hogan, And/Or By Former Chief Judge Barbera, To Preside Over Assigning Another Judge, Who Is Not Appointed by Wes Moore, Martin O'Malley, And/or By Former Chief Judge Barbera, To Preside Over The Defendant's Instant Motion For Reconsideration Relative To Judge D. Robinson, Jr.'s Order Docketed On 12-5-24 Because Judge D. Robinson, Jr., Along With Judge R. Cahill, Judge Alexander, Judge Glass, and Judge S. Bailey, Is Being Alleged To Have Violated The Defendant's 14th Amendment Right, Her 2nd Amendment right, Her Civil right Under Title 18, U.S.C., Section 242 Due To Breaching Federal Statute 28 U.S.C. & 455(a), Maryland Rule 18.102.11, And/Or Maryland Rule 2-311 And A Motion For A Hearing On The Motions As Permitted Under Maryland Rule 2-311 was mailed, postage paid, to: Baltimore County State Attorney, 401 Bosley Avenue, Towson, Maryland, 21204.

Diana R. Williams, Pro Se



REQUEST FOR A HEARING

Cc: Hon. President and the Hon. Military Tribunal, and the Commission on Judicial Disabilities

Exhibit 1

COMPLAINANT INFORMATION

First Name: Diana Last Name: Williams

Address: 131 Calvin Hill Ct City: Balto. State: Md. Zip Code: 21222

Phone Number: 410-868-2013

Email: lady-dav@verizon.net

Preferred Title and Pronoun:

Ms.

Mr.

Judge

Dr.

She/Her

He/Him

They/Them

Other

If you are currently incarcerated, please check the box below and provide your Inmate Number:

Inmate ID Number

NA

JUDGE INFORMATION

First Name: Dorsey Last Name: Robinson

Court:

Supreme Court of Maryland

Appellate Court of Maryland

Circuit Court

District Court

Orphans' Court

County/City: Balto. County

CASE INFORMATION

If your complaint is related to a court proceeding, please provide the information requested below. If not, please write NONE and proceed to the next section.

Case Name: C-03-CR-20-002995

Case Number (include all letters and numbers):

Case Type:

Civil

Criminal

Family/Domestic

Juvenile

Probate

Traffic

Protective/Peace Order

Sexual Harassment

Other

Date(s) of Hearing(s) or Other Proceeding(s): Waiting for my repeated requests for hearing on my motions.

To: J. Ensor, Administrative Clerk for the Circuit Court for Baltimore County
From: Ms. Diana R. Williams, Defendant in Criminal Case Number, C-03-CR-20-002995
Re: Evidence of my Criminal Case Number, C-03-CR-20-002995 from the attached 2 Exhibits and from the evidence of other Exhibits on my website.
Date: 1-2-25

Because of my financial hardship at this time, I'm only able to attach to this missive 2 pieces of the evidence to confirm that my Criminal Case Number is C-03-CR-20-002995, namely, the 2 attachments that accompany this letter as Exhibit 1 and Exhibit 2. Thanks to the help of my family members, I'm able to maintain my website, www.dianarwilliams.com. Moreover, around 1-8-25, Exhibit 188 through Exhibit 198, which are some of my Motions mailed to the Court, the State of Maryland's filings to the Court, and the Findings and Orders of the presiding Judges stamped on my Motions, will, also, be posted on my website as more evidence that will substantiate the consistent use of this same case number by me, by the State of Maryland, and in the Findings and Orders of Judge Robinson, Judge Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey. Copies of any of the Exhibits on my website are possible to be made, which includes copies of this memo and the two accompanying Exhibits (Exhibit 198 on my website), and thus, allowing each of these Judges to have his/her clerk to go on my website and make a copies until I can afford to send copies to all of the presiding Judges of this same letter and attaching Exhibits.

As required by Md. Rule 20-106(d) and Md. Rule 20-203(a)(3)(B)) and as declared in the "Rejected and Returned Paper Filing Status Notice – MDEC ACTION" form, Exhibits 1 and 2 are attached to this letter as evidence to substantiate my Criminal Case Number, C-03-CR-20-002995, which I've used as my criminal case number in filing all of my Motions, have been used in the filings by the State of Maryland, and is cited in Judge Glass' 6-12-24 Order (Exhibit 1 and is Exhibit 195 on my website), which gives a 30-day stay on the Expungement of my record and in her Order on 8-26-24 (Exhibit 2 and is Exhibit 196 on my website), which calls for, amongst other things, a final execution of the expungement of my record. By 5-20-23, I had successfully completed all of the conditions in Judge S. Bailey's Probation/Supervision Order issued on 5-20-21 (Exhibit 197 on my website), but Judge S. Bailey failed to adhere to her own Probation/Supervision Order and, thus, I'm alleging that, in doing so, Judge S. Bailey has breached my 14th Amendment Right and my 2nd Amendment Right to repossess my legally owned firearm and my 15 ammunition. Wherefore, beginning with my Motions docketed on 7-10-24 (Exhibit 188 on my website, Motions which has yet to be presided over by Judge S. Bailey, which include Motion for a Reconsideration of Judge S. Bailey Order docketed on 6-25-24, my first Motion for a stay on the 30-day stay in Judge Glass' 6-12-24 Order until this criminal case has been resolved in its entirety, and which include my first Motion for a hearing on my 7-10-24 Motions). And, in all of my Motions docketed since 7-10-24, I've included a Motion for a continual stay on my expungement until my criminal case has been resolved in its entirety, and in each of my Motions filed since Judge Glass' Orders dated 6-12-24 and 8-26-24 ordering execution of the expungement of my record, I've included a Motion for a stay on

the execution of Judge Glass' Orders dated 6-12-24 and 8-26-24 until my criminal case has been resolved in its entirety. Also, in my 7-10-24 Motions and in all of my Motions filed thereafter, I've motioned for a hearing on my Motions as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311, which would give Judge S. Bailey and all of the presiding Judges, which include Judge Robinson, Judge Cahill, Judge Glass, and Judge Alexander, an opportunity to provide tangible evidence to substantiate that my 14th Amendment Right, my 2nd Amendment Right, Maryland Rule 2-311, and, thus, the Rule of Law, are not continually being invaded upon by each of these presiding Judges, beginning with Judge S. Bailey and ending with Judge Robinson. Moreover, Judge Robinson and/or Judge Cahill, the Administrative Judges-in-Charge-of assigning the presiding Judges to my criminal case has not ordered, as pleaded in my colossal Motions, the presiding Judge to grant my right to a hearing on the record as permitted under Maryland Rule 2-311 to provide both parties, the presiding Judge, Judge Robinson, and the former presiding Judges, namely, Judge Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, and Judge S. Bailey to showcase the evidence to disprove the allegations that the Judge Robinson, and all of the former presiding Judges have violated my 14th Amendment Right, my 2nd Amendment Right, Maryland Rule 2-311.

Thus, in conclusion, it's my prayer that my 2nd "original" Motions mailed on 12-16-24, with the same Case Number asserted above, and which are enclosed in this envelope be resubmitted, filed, and docketed on the Circuit Court's website, along with all of my other Motions and all of the presiding Judges' Findings and Orders, which include all of Judge Robinson's, Judge Cahill's, Judge Glass', Judge Alexander's, and Judge S. Bailey's Findings and Orders.

Sincerely,

It is ordered that the motion is denied because there is not a sufficient legal or factual basis for the relief requested. This case has been expunged.



11th of February, 2025

cc: SAO, DEFT

Entered: Clerk, Circuit Court for
Baltimore County, MD
February 11, 2025

cc: Hon. President, Hon. Military Tribunal, Commission on Judicial Disabilities, Judge Robinson, Judge Cahill, Judge Glass, Judge Alexander, Judge S. Bailey, Ms. Kira

SUPREME COURT OF MARYLAND CIRCUIT COURT DISTRICT COURT FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY (CC)

Located at 401 Bosley Avenue Towson, MD 21204
 City/County: _____
 Case No. CASE NOT FOUND

TO: DIANA R WILLIAMS
 131 CALVIN HILL CT
 DUNDALK, MD 21222
 STATE OF MARYLAND
 OR
 STATE OF MARYLAND
 Plaintiff/Petitioner
 STATE OF MARYLAND
 VS
 DIANA R. WILLIAMS
 Defendant/Respondent

REJECTED AND RETURNED PAPER FILING STATUS NOTICE - MDEC ACTION
(Md. Rule 20-106(d))

Use this form in an MDEC action where the filer is not, and is not required to be, a Registered User under Md. Rule 20-101.

The court is returning the enclosed rejected filing to you for the reason(s) stated below. It has NOT been accepted for filing in the case. If you wish to re-submit your filing, please make the necessary correction(s) and re-submit. The rejected filing, case name and date of filing are:
 1ST MOTIONS FOR DISQUALIFICATION OF JUDGE D. ROBINSON, JR.

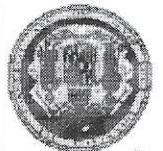
CASE NOT FOUND

- The filing is missing a Certificate of Service as required by Rule 1-323. (Md. Rules 20-201(g) and 20-203(c)).
- The filing does not contain a signature. (Md. Rules 20-106(d)(2)(A) and 20-107(a)(1)).
- The filing is illegible. (Md. Rule 20-106(d)(2)(A)).
- A signature must be sufficiently legible to be able to identify the person signing the filing, or must be accompanied by the person's typewritten or legibly printed name. (Md. Rules 20-107(a)(1) and 20-106(d)(2)(A)).
- The filing fee was not paid. (Md. Rule 20-201(k) and Courts and Judicial Proceedings Article, § 2-201(b)).
- The submission contains one document multiple documents with restricted information, and you did not file a Notice of Restricted Information (MDJ-008) for each. (Md. Rule 20-201.1).
- The submission contains one document multiple documents with restricted information, and you did not file both an unredacted and a redacted version of the submission for each. (Md. Rules 20-201.1 and 20-201.1(c)).
- The filing includes a request to place a document included in the submission under court seal and does not contain either an existing order or an attached motion and proposed order. (Md. Rule 20-203(1)(3)).
- NOTE: A submission refiled within fourteen (14) days after this notice is sent will relate back to the filing of the rejected submission.
- The filing does not contain sufficient information for the court to determine the correct case number. (Md. Rule 20-203(a)(3)(B)).
- The filing is required to be filed electronically. (Md. Rule 20-106(d)(2)(B)).
- Your filing does not relate to the case in which it was filed. (Md. Rule 20-203(a)(3)(B)).

12/23/2024
 Date: _____
 Administrative Clerk / Clerk of Court
 Signature: *Shirley E. Mason*
 MDJ-006 (Rev. 07/19/2023)



CIRCUIT COURT OF MARYLAND FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY



401 Bosley Avenue, P.O. Box 6754
Towson, MD 21285-6754
Main: 410-887-2601



Case Number: C-03-CR-20-002995
Tracking Number: 180001854535
Other Reference Number(s): D-08-CR-20-001544; 202930549

STATE OF MARYLAND VS. DIANA RENA WILLIAMS

State ID: AR: DOB: 09/05/1959
Attorney Number: Attorney Number:

Address: Attorney for Defendant:
Phone: E-mail:

ORDER FOR EXPUNGEMENT OF RECORDS
(Md. Rule 4-508)

Having found that Diana Rena Williams of 131 Calvin Hill Ct Dundalk, MD 21222-0000 is entitled to expungement of the police records pertaining to their arrest, detention, or confinement on or about 06/09/2021 at Baltimore County, Maryland, by a law enforcement officer of the Baltimore County Police Department and the court records in this action, it is by the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, Maryland, on 06/12/2024

ORDERED that the clerk serve a true copy of this order on each of the parties to this proceeding; and it is further ORDERED that the clerk serve on each custodian of police and court records designated in this order, a copy of this order and a blank Expungement Certificate of Compliance (form CC-DC-CR-077). The State Court Administrator shall electronically transmit to the Central Repository a blank Expungement Certificate of Compliance with a notice of the data in the Order for Expungement of Records; and it is further ORDERED that within 60 days after the entry of this order, or notice to the Central Repository, if this order is stayed, 30 days after the stay is lifted, the clerk and the following custodians of court and police records and the Central Repository shall (1) expunge all court and police records pertaining to this action or proceeding in their custody, (2) file an executed Certificate of Compliance, and (3) serve a copy of the Certificate of Compliance on the applicant/petitioner/defendant; and it is further ORDERED that the clerk and other custodians of records upon receipt of this order or notice if it is not stayed or notice that the stay is lifted shall remove the records from public inspection; and it is further ORDERED that this order: is stayed pending further order of the court. is not stayed.

CUSTODIAN	ADDRESS
Office of the State's Attorney, Baltimore Co.	Served electronically via MD&C System
Court Reporter/Digital Recording	Served electronically via MD&C System
District Court of Maryland, Baltimore Co.	Served electronically via MD&C System
Baltimore County Police Department	700 East Joppa Road, 5 th Floor, Towson, Maryland 21286
Baltimore County Detention Center	720 Bosley Avenue, Towson, Maryland 21204
Executive Director of Commissioners	251 Rowe Boulevard, Suite 431, Annapolis, Maryland 21401

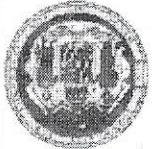
Date: 06/12/2024

Judge

[Signature]
06/12/2024 2:40:53 PM

NOTICE TO APPLICANT/PETITIONER/DEFENDANT: Until a custodian of records has received a copy of this order AND filed a Certificate of Compliance, expungement of the records in the custody of that custodian is not complete and may not be relied upon.

Entered: Clerk, Circuit Court for Baltimore County, MD



CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY,
MARYLAND
401 Bosley Avenue, P.O. Box 6754, Towson, MD, 21285-6754

Main: 410-887-2601

Exhibit 2

STATE OF MARYLAND VS. DIANA RENA WILLIAMS
Date: 8/26/2024
Case Number: C-03-CR-20-002995
Tracking Number: 180001854535
Other Reference Number(s): D-08-CR-20-001544; C-03-CV-20-003862

ORDER

It is this 26th day of August, 2024, by the Circuit Court for Baltimore County hereby so
ORDERED, the Stay entered in this case on June 12, 2024, is hereby **LIFTED**; and it is hereby further so
ORDERED, the Expungement, previously GRANTED SHALL now be executed.

08/26/2024 12:31:53 PM

Judge

08/26/2024

Date

Entered: Clerk, Circuit Court for
Baltimore County, MD
August 27, 2024

Clerk: Docket Order; Copy Parties