

I, Diana R. Williams, the Plaintiff who is being represented Pro Se, hereby, requests that the Plaintiff's Motion To Request A Hearing On Judge Michel Pierson's 2-6-19 Decision And Order, Motion To Have

MOTIONS DATED 9-17-18 AND 12-17-18

HAVE THE JUDGE APPOINTED BY HON. GOV. HOGAN TO RECONSIDER ALL OF THE PLAINTIFF'S 6.) CONCEALED, REMOVED, AND/OR MUTILATED EVIDENCE UNDER 18 U.S. CODE § 2071. MOTION TO 18 USC 242. 5.) TAMPERED WITH EVIDENCE UNDER U.S. CODE TITLE 18 PART 1 CHAPTER 73 & 1512. AMENDMENTS RIGHTS, AND BY VIOLATING OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES, LAWS, AND CANONS UNDER 1505. 4.) COMMITTED THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF DEPRIVING THE PLAINTIFF OF HER 7TH AND 14TH NONFEASANCE IN THE CONDUCT OF THE OFFICE UNDER US CODE, TITLE 18, PART 1, CHAPTER 73 & THE RULE OF LAW. 3.) COMMITTED THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF MISFEASANCE, MALFEASANCE, AND EXCESSIVELY, AND EGREGIOUSLY: 1.) ABUSED HIS POWER. 2.) DISPLAYED TOTAL CONTEMPT FOR AND, IN DECIDING THE PLAINTIFF'S MOTIONS DATED 12-17-18, TO HAVE REPEATEDLY, DELIBERATELY, 1512, HAVE CONCEALED, REMOVED, AND/OR MUTILATED EVIDENCE UNDER 18 U.S. CODE § 2071, HAVE DELIBERATELY TAMPERED WITH EVIDENCE UNDER U.S. CODE TITLE 18 PART 1 CHAPTER 73 & AMENDMENTS RIGHTS AND OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES, LAWS, AND CANONS UNDER 18 USC 242, TO DELIBERATELY COMMITTED THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF BREACHING THE PLAINTIFF'S 7TH AND 14TH MALFEASANCE, AND NONFEASANCE UNDER US CODE, TITLE 18, PART 1, CHAPTER 73 & 1505, TO HAVE BEING ALLEGED TO HAVE INTENTIONALLY COMMITTED THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF MISFEASANCE, PRESIDENT TRUMP, HON. GOV. HOGAN, CONGRESS, AND OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES WHO IS IN THE PLAINTIFF'S 12-20-18 OFFICIAL LETTER OF COMPLAINT AND/OR 1-4-19 ADDENDUM TO HON. PLAINTIFF'S MOTIONS AND/OR CIVIL CASE BECAUSE JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON IS ONE OF THE JUDGES PLAINTIFF'S MOTIONS AND/OR CIVIL CASE AND SUBSTITUTE ANOTHER JUDGE TO PRESIDE OVER THE MOTION TO HAVE JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON IMMEDIATELY DISQUALIFIED FROM PRESIDING OVER THE MOTION TO REQUEST A HEARING ON JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON'S 2-6-19 DECISION AND ORDER,

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CIRCUIT COURT FOR
BALTIMORE CITY
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CIVIL DIVISION

Case No. 24-C-17-004535

BALTIMORE CITY

Defendants

Hameedullah Virk, et al.

FOR

v.

Plaintiff

CIRCUIT COURT

Baltimore, Maryland 21222

131Calvin Hill Court

IN THE

Diana R. Williams

Judge Michel Pierson immediately disqualified from Presiding Over The Plaintiff's Motions And/or Civil Case Because Judge Michel Pierson is One Of the Judges In The Plaintiff's 12-20-18 Official Letter Of Complaint And 1-4-19 Addendum to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Congress, And Other Government Agencies Who is Being Alleged To Have Intentionally Committed The Federal Crimes of Misfeasance, Malfeasance, And Nonfeasance Under US Code Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, To Have Deliberately Committed The Federal Crimes Of Breaching The Plaintiff's 7th And 14th Amendment Rights And Other Federal Statutes, Laws, And Canons Under 18 USC 242, To Have Deliberately Tampered With Evidence Under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512, Have Concealed, Removed, And/or Mutilated Evidence Under 18 U.S. Code § 2071, And, In Deciding The Plaintiff's Motions Dated 9-17-18 and 12-17-18, To Have Repeatedly, Deliberately, Excessively, And Egregiously: 1.) Abused His Power. 2.) Displayed Total Contempt For The Rule Of Law. 3.) Committed The Federal Crimes of Misfeasance, Malfeasance, And Nonfeasance In The Conduct Of The Office Under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505. 4.) Committed The Federal Crimes Of Depriving The Plaintiff Of Her 7th And 14th Amendment Rights And By Violating Other Federal Statutes, Laws, And Canons. 5.) Tampered With Evidence Under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512. 6.) Concealed, Removed, And/or Mutilated Evidence Under 18 U.S. Code § 2071. Motion To Have The Judge Appointed By Hon. Gov. Hogan To Reconsider All of the Plaintiff's Motions dated 9-17-18 and 12-17-18 (hereinafter 1st Motions") be granted based on the grounds and authorities cited below:

1. CR 59 (a)(4) cites that newly discovered evidence, material for the party making the application that could not have reasonably discovered and produced earlier are grounds for granting the Plaintiff's Motions. The newly discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is that, for the second time, Judge Michel Pierson has repeatedly, deliberately, excessively, and egregiously abused his power and displayed total contempt for the Rule of Law by repetitiously and intentionally: 1.) committing the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505. 2.) committing the federal crimes of depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th And 14th Amendment Rights as afforded under the Constitution of the U.S, and violating other federal statutes, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3 under 18 USC 242, a federal statute that makes it a crime to deprive any person of their rights "under color of law the Color of Law". 3.) committing the federal crimes of tampering with evidence under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512. 4.) committing the federal crimes of concealing, removing, and/or mutilating evidence under 18 U.S. Code § 2071.

2. Still too, another newly discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is that the Plaintiff has written and mailed her 12-20-18 Official Letter of Complaint and a 1-4-19 Addendum to her Official Letter of Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Hon. President

Under the definition of U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 § 1505, a judge obstructs justice when he/she acts corruptly, or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication influences, obstructs, or impedes or endeavors to influence, obstruct, or impede the due and proper administration of the law under which any pending proceeding is being had before any department or agency of the United States. Obstruction can include crimes committed by judges, prosecutors, attorney generals, and elected officials in general. Such nonfeasance in the conduct of the office. Congress approved Title 18 USC 242 -- a statute making it a crime to deprive any person of their rights "under color of law." For the purpose of Section 242, acts under "color of law" include acts not only done by federal, state, or local officials within their lawful authority, but also acts done beyond the bounds of that officials' lawful authority, if the acts are done while the official is purporting to or pretending to act in the performance of his/her official duties. Persons acting under color of law within the meaning of this statute include police officers, prisons guards and other law enforcement officials, as well as judges, care providers in public health facilities, and others who are acting as public officials. "Color of law" refers to an appearance of legal power to act that may operate in violation of law. Section 242 of Title 18 makes it a crime for a person acting under color of any law to willfully deprive a person of a right or privilege protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, and the U.S Supreme Court says it is a crime for any person acting on behalf of the

3. Moreover, another newly discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is that the Plaintiff has pleaded in her Official letter of Complaint and/or Addendum against Judge Michel Pierson that Hon.Gov. Hogan immediately assigns a judge appointed by him to preside over the Plaintiff's Motions and Civil Case since Judge Michel Pierson is one of the judges with whom the Plaintiff has requested in her official complaint and addendum that state and federal prosecutors investigate the allegations of federal corruptions against and since Plaintiff questions the impartiality of Judge Michel Pierson presiding over any of her Motions and/or civil case or assigning another judge to preside over her Motions and/or civil case as the Administrator for the Eighth Circuit for Baltimore City.

Trump, Congress, and other government officials pleading that state and federal prosecutors be assigned immediately to investigate the Plaintiff's allegations that Judge Michel Pierson repetitiously and deliberately committed judicial misconduct as defined under Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, as well as the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, have committed the federal crimes of violating the Plaintiff's 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statuses, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242, have committed the federal crimes of tampering with evidence under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512, and have committed the federal crimes of concealing, removing, and/or mutilating evidence under 18 U.S. Code § 2071.

government as an agent to willfully deprive or conspire to deprive a person of any law that is protected by the U.S Constitution. Federal statute, 42 U.S.C. § 1983, popularly known as "Section 1983," is a federal law that allows lawsuits for violations of constitutional rights. Moreover, attempting to tamper with the evidence and/or remove the evidence are acts to alter, conceal, falsify, and/or destroy the evidence interfere with justice, are corrupt, obstruct justice, and, therefore, constitute criminal offenses under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512 and under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 101 & 2071.

The evidence of Judge Michel Pierson's statement in his 2-6-19 Decision and Order, namely, "The Court has read and considered the Plaintiff's Motion" substantiates that the Administrator for the Eighth Circuit for Baltimore Court, Judge Michel Pierson, the presiding judge, read the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions. Furthermore, as evidenced by the "Heading" in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions, the verbatim quote from the "Heading" of the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions substantiates that the Plaintiff's Motions consist of not just one Motion but several Motions, namely: "MOTION FOR HON. GOV. HOGAN TO EXPEDITIOUSLY APPOINT A JUDGE TO HAVE A HEARING ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON'S 12-7-18 DECISION AND ORDERS, BUT IF THIS MOTION IS DENIED, MOTION TO STILL HAVE A HEARING ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON'S 12-7-18 DECISION AND ORDERS, MOTION TO HAVE HON. GOV. HOGAN TO EXPEDITIOUSLY APPOINT A JUDGE TO DETERMINE IF THE MATERIAL FACTS CITED IN THESE MOTIONS SUBSTANTIATE THAT JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON, THE ADMINISTRATOR OVER THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT COURT FOR BALTIMORE CITY CIRCUIT COURT: (1.) INTENTIONALLY COMMITTED THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF MISFEASANCE, MALFEASANCE, AND NONFEASANCE UNDER US CODE, TITLE 18, PART 1, CHAPTER 73 & 1505 AND HAS DELIBERATELY COMMITTED THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF BREACHING THE PLAINTIFF'S 7TH AND 14TH AMENDMENTS RIGHTS AND OTHER LAWS, AND CANONS UNDER 18 USC 242. (2.) NEEDS TO BE REFERRED TO BE INVESTIGATED BY A SPECIAL STATE PROSECUTOR DUE TO PLAINTIFF'S SUBSTANTIATED ALLEGATIONS OF HIS DELIBERATELY COMMITTING THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF MISFEASANCE, MALFEASANCE, AND NONFEASANCE UNDER US CODE, TITLE 18, PART 1, CHAPTER 73 & 1505 AND OF HIS DELIBERATELY COMMITTING THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF BREACHING THE PLAINTIFF'S 7TH AND 14TH AMENDMENTS RIGHTS AND OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES, LAWS, AND CANONS UNDER 18 USC 242, AND MOTION TO HAVE APPOINTED JUDGE BY HON. GOV. HOGAN TO RECONSIDER GRANTING ALL OF THE PLAINTIFF'S MOTIONS" (hereinafter 2nd Motions). The verbatim quote of her 2nd Motions substantiates that the Plaintiff pleaded in the "Heading" of her 12-17-18 Motions, 4 different Motions. Because the Plaintiff questioned the integrity and impartiality of Judge Michel Pierson who presided over her 9-17-18 Motions and alleges in these Motions, amongst other things, that Judge Michel Pierson acted corruptly and committed federal crimes in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, the Plaintiff mailed her 12-20-18 Official Letter of Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson (Exhibit A) and her 1-4-19 Addendum (Exhibit B) to her Official Complaint to Hon. President Trump, Hon. Gov. Hogan, Congress, and other government officials, detailing the alleged federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson. Moreover, because the Plaintiff continues to question the integrity and impartiality of Judge Michel Pierson presiding over her Motions or Civil Case due to the Plaintiff alleging federal crimes by Judge Michel Pierson from his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, the Plaintiff, also, questions the integrity and impartiality of Judge Michel

Pierson in assigning another judge to preside over her 12-17-18 Motions which, amongst other things, detail how the Plaintiff's substantiates her allegations of federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson, the Plaintiff's first Motion in the "Heading" of her 12-17-18 Motions pleads for Hon. Gov. Hogan to appoint another judge to preside over the Plaintiff's request for a hearing on the Reconsideration of Judge Michel Pierson's 12-7-18 Decision and Orders. As evidenced in the verbatim quote of the "Heading" in her 12-17-18 Motions, the Plaintiff pleads that, if her first Motion is denied, then the Plaintiff's second Motion in the "Heading" of her 12-17-18 Motions pleads for a hearing for Reconsideration of Judge Michel Pierson's 12-7-18 Decision and Order by the Court. The evidence of her verbatim quote of the "Heading" in her 12-17-18 Motions substantiates that, in the third Motion in her 12-17-18 Motions, the Plaintiff pleads for Hon. Gov. Hogan to expeditiously appoint a judge to determine if the material facts in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions support the Plaintiff's allegations that Judge Michel Pierson intentionally committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, deliberately committed the federal crimes of breaching the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242, and that the appointed judge by Hon. Gov. Hogan would determine if Judge Michel Pierson needs to be referred for investigation by a Special State Prosecutor due to the Plaintiff's substantiated allegations against Judge Michel Pierson in her 12-17-18 Motions of intentionally committing the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and knowingly and willingly committing the federal crimes of breaching the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242. As evidenced in the "Heading" of her 12-17-18 Motions, the Plaintiff's fourth Motion pleads that the judge appointed by Hon. Gov. Hogan presides over the Plaintiff's Motions for Reconsidering granting all of the Plaintiff's Motions.

As evidenced by the facts cited in his 2-6-19 Decision and Order, Judge Michel Pierson asserted that "The Court has read and considered" the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions before ordering that the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions be stricken from the record and, thus, orders removal of the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions from the record by stating in his 2-6-19 Decision and Order that the "Motion seeks no action from this court", although Judge Michel Pierson knew that the Plaintiff did seek action from this Court as indicated in her second Motion within the "Heading" of her 12-17-18 Motions, and, also, Judge Michel Pierson cited in his Findings in his 2-6-19 Decision and Order that the "The Court has read and considered" the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions; thus, Judge Michel Pierson knew that he was deliberately committing the prejudicial error of perjury, misstating and misrepresenting all of the Motions in the "Heading" of the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions, and/or intentionally failing to disclose the material facts that the Plaintiff cited 3 other Motions in her 12-17-18 Motions and that the Plaintiff's second Motion in her 12-17-18 Motions request the Court to have a hearing on her Motion for Reconsideration of Judge Michel Pierson's 12-7-18 Decision and Orders if Hon. Gov. Hogan would not appoint another judge to preside over the Plaintiff's plea for a hearing on Judge Michel Pierson's 12-7-18 Decision and Orders. Proverbs 6:16-19 in the WORD OF GOD cites "These six things doth the LORD hate; yea, seven are an abomination unto him: A proud look, a lying tongue, and hands that shed innocent blood, A heart that deviseth wicked imaginations, feet that be swift in running to mischief, A false witness that speaketh lies, and he that soweth discord among brethren." Moreover, Proverbs 12:19 in the WORD

OF GOD asserts "The lip of truth shall be established for ever: but a lying tongue is but for a moment." Thus, within the "Heading" of the Plaintiff's 2-15-19 Motions, the Plaintiff pleads for this Court to have a hearing on her Motion for Reconsideration of Judge Michel Pierson's 2-6-19 Decision and Order.

Further, as evidenced in the facts asserted in his 2-6-19 Decisions and Order, Judge Michel Pierson failed to disclose, address, and resolve any of the Plaintiff's legal arguments as supported by the material facts and/or federal statutes and laws in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions. One of the main legal arguments asserted in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions, and is echoed in her 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and 4-6-18 Motions with the same supporting material facts and/or federal statutes and laws, is the legal argument cited in all of these Motions as to why the Plaintiff had causes for motioning that Judge Fletcher-Hill be disqualified as the presiding judge and that the Plaintiff be granted her right to Substitution. Moreover, in her Motions, the Plaintiff asserts that, along with supporting her pleading with causes, she cites the federal statutes and laws, along with the Canons, that give the Plaintiff a legal standing for motioning for the disqualification and substitution of Judge Fletcher-Hill, namely: 1.) Canon 1 stipulates that a judge shall uphold and promote the independence, integrity, and impartiality of the judiciary, and shall avoid impropriety and the appearance of impropriety. 2.) Canon 2 cites that a judge shall perform the duties of judicial office impartially, competently, and diligently. 3.) Canon 3 states in regard to "Disqualification" that a judge shall disqualify himself/herself in a proceeding in which his/her impartiality might reasonably be questioned. Judicial impartiality is a significant element of justice. 4.) Under Federal Statute, 28 U.S.C. § 455, recusal of a judge is appropriate where "a reasonable person", knowing all the facts, would conclude that the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned and requires judges to recuse sua sponte where appropriate. 5.) Federal Statute, 28 U.S.C. § 455, also, declares that the Plaintiff has a right to Substitution, especially in light of the fact that, in her 12-17-18, 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and 4-6-18 Motions, the Plaintiff cites, amongst other things, the same causes as to why she questions the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over her Motions and Civil Case As evidenced by the material facts cited in her Motions dated 12-17-18, in her 12-20-18 Official Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson alleging federal crimes, and/or in her 1-4-19 addendum to her Official Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson, the Findings cited in his 2-6-19 and 12-17-18 Decisions and Orders substantiate that Judge Michel Pierson's Decisions and Orders reveal a "pattern", similarly to that of all of Judge Fletcher-Hill's Decisions and Orders, namely, the Decisions and Orders issues by Judge Michel Pierson and Judge Fletcher-Hill conclude that there is no merit to the Plaintiff's Motions without: 1.) citing any of the material facts as supported by the evidence and federal laws that substantiate why the Plaintiff questions the integrity and impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over her Motions and Civil Case and, thus, repeatedly motioned for his disqualification and substitution and cited the federal laws that supports the Plaintiff's right to motion for Judge Fletcher-Hill's disqualification and her right for substitution. 2.) citing that one of the major legal arguments for repeatedly pleading in her 12-17-18, 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and 4-6-18 Motions for disqualification of Judge Fletcher-Hill and for substitution is because the Plaintiff repeatedly alleged in all of these Motions that, due to the 2015 alleged prejudicial error of perjury by the Plaintiff against Judge Barbera, the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, the Plaintiff asserts that the issues raised in her 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland have yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved,

Reconsideration to this court which referenced the evidence in the record to substantiate that the Plaintiff's 2015 appeal was filed timely, Judge Barbera still refused to change her prejudicial error which changed the whole outcome of the Plaintiff's appeal as cited in the Plaintiff's 2016 Petitions to the Supreme Court. Further, as cited in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions, in her 12-20-18 Official Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson, and/or in her 1-4-19 Addendum to her Official Complaint, as the presiding Officer of the Court, Judge Michel Pierson is cognizant of the material fact that judicial impartiality is a significant element of justice and, thus, any presiding Officer of the Court who makes a decision on the Plaintiff's 12-17-18, 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and/or 4-6-18 Motions, in order to avoid acting corruptly and obstructing justice under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, under 18 USC 242, under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512, and/or under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 101 & 2071, must determine if the Plaintiff has a justifiable cause for motioning in four different Motions to disqualify Judge Fletcher-Hill from presiding over the Plaintiff's Motions and/or Civil Case and a plea for Substitution because, in all of these Motions, amongst other things, the Plaintiff questions the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over her Motions as a result of alleging in her Motions that, in her 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, Judge Fletcher-Hill committed federal crimes. But, because of the alleged 2015 intentional prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera, the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, the Plaintiff's 2015 allegations as to the federal crimes committed by Judge Fletcher-Hill and the In Banc Judges have yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolve. And, although Judge Michel Pierson was appointed to the prestigious position of Administrator of the Eighth Circuit by Judge Barbera in September of 2013 and demonstrated his response to being appointed to the privileged position and expressed his appreciation and/or loyalty in citing in a newspaper article around Sept ember of 2013 that "I'm thankful for the confidence Chief Judge Barbera has shown in me with this appointment", Judge Michel Pierson still had a duty to determine if the 5 Exhibits that accompanied the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions substantiates the allegation that, because Judge Barbera committed the deliberate prejudicial error of perjury in 2015, the issue raised in the Plaintiff's 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland relevant to Judge Fletcher-Hill's 2014 alleged federal crimes have yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved and, thus, support the fact that the Plaintiff had a just cause in questioning the integrity of Judge Fletcher-Hill as well as question the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over any of her Motions or civil case. In his 2-6-19 and 12-7-18 Findings, Judge Michel Pierson needed to have revealed the material facts that determine that, given the material fact that Md. Rule 7-104 allows one 30 days to file an appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, with the first day starting once the clerk from the Baltimore City Court post the decision in the record of the court, if: a.) the first exhibit that accompanied the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions is copy of the document that gives the date of the In Banc Judges' last judgment, which was their denial on July 6, 2015 of my Motion for Reconsideration and a New Trial. b.) the second exhibit that accompanied the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions is a copy of the 9-21-15 Order of the Court of Appeals of Maryland which declares that my Writ was denied because it was filed late to the Court of Appeals of Maryland. d.) the fourth exhibit that accompanied the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions is a copy of my Motion for Reconsideration to the Court of Appeals of Maryland which gives the date that my 2015 Petition for a Writ to the Court of Appeals was filed in the record of this court, namely, on August 3, 2015. c.) the third exhibit that accompanied the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions is a copy of the docket receipt from the clerk of the Court of Appeals of Maryland which gives the date that my 2015 Petition for a Writ to the Court of Appeals was filed in the record of this court, amongst other things, the evidence in the record of

this court, which are Exhibits 1 and 2 on my website, support the fact that my Writ was filed in the Court of Appeals of Maryland prior to the 30-day expiration. e.) the fifth exhibit that accompanied the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18 Motions is the second denial of the Plaintiffs' Writ by the Court of Appeals of Maryland, which would be indicative of the fact that Judge Barbera refused to correct her prejudicial error of perjury, even after receiving the Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration which make references to the fact that Exhibits 1 and 2 are in the record of the Court of Appeals of Maryland and which further substantiate that the Plaintiffs' Writ was filed on time.

Although in his 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders, Judge Michel Pierson asserted that he would "address" the legal arguments raised in the Plaintiffs' 9-17-18 Motions, as the presiding Officer of the Court, Judge Michel Pierson was obligated and had a duty not only to address but to disclose and resolve all the legal arguments asserted in the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18 Motions, which includes the legal argument that the Plaintiff alleges that she questions the integrity and impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over her Motions and Civil Case because the Plaintiff alleges that, due to the 2015 alleged prejudicial error of perjury by the Plaintiff against Judge Barbera, the issues raised in the Plaintiff's 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, namely, that, in 2014, Judge Fletcher-Hill violated the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment Right and breached Federal Law 42 U.S.C. & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C. & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause. Moreover, Judge Michel Pierson was, too, responsible for determining if the Plaintiff's supporting material facts and/or federal statutes and laws as raised in the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18, as well as in her 9-17-18 Motions, substantiate the Plaintiff's legal argument, and, if he determined that the Plaintiff's legal argument was without merit, Judge Pierson had a duty to include in his Findings from his 2-6-19 Decision and Order, as well as in his 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders, the grounds, laws, and material facts that would justify his decision to strike the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18 Motions from the record, as well as to justify his order to strike the Plaintiffs' 9-17-18 Motions from the record and close her Civil Case in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders. In these Motions dated 2-15-19, in her 12-17-18 Motions, in her 12-20-18 Official Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson, and/or in her 1-4-19 Addendum to her Official Complaint against Judge Michel Pierson alleging federal crimes to Hon. President Trump, Hon. Gov. Hogan, Congress, and other government officials, the Plaintiff alleges that Judge Michel Pierson deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, states, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3 by knowingly and willfully 1.) committing the prejudicial error of perjury by erroneously citing in his 2-6-19 corresponding to the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18 Motions that the Plaintiff only requested Hon. Gov. Hogan to appoint a judge to have a hearing on her Motion for Reconsideration of Judge Michel Pierson's and thus, ordered striking the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18 Motions from the record, although in the "Heading" of the Plaintiffs' 12-17-18 Motions, she also, motions that, if Gov. Hogan doesn't appoint another judge, the Plaintiff's still requests the Court to have a hearing on her Motion for Reconsideration of Judge Michel Pierson's 2-6-19 Decision and Order. Also, Judge Michel committed or the prejudicial error of perjury in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order that the Plaintiffs' 9-17-18 Motions have no merit and ordered striking the Plaintiffs' 9-17-18 Motions from the record and closing her Civil Case because the Plaintiff asserted legal grounds and/or authorities to support her legal arguments to merit my Motions and, therefore, ordering that my

civil case to be closed. 2.) failing to execute his responsibility as the Officer of the Court to cite any of the numerous relevant material facts in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions that support her 2 legal arguments and the federal statutes and laws that gave the Plaintiff legal standings for having her 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions granted. 3.) failing to uphold his duty as the Officer of the Court to state a single material fact, legal ground or authority in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that refute the material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions. 4.) failing to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the two legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support the Plaintiff's legal arguments as asserted in her 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions. 5.) failing to perform his duty and legal requirement as an Officer of the Court to uphold enforce to enforce Canons 1, 2, and 3, 28 U.S.C & 455 and Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, and to uphold and defend my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal laws and statutes. 7.) failing to lawfully and properly execute federal laws and statutes as the Officer of the Court.

Moreover, the evidence of the facts cited in the 2-6-17 and 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders of Judge Michel Pierson and the corresponding legal arguments as supported by the material facts and federal statutes and laws asserted in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions substantiate that Judge Michel Pierson repeatedly, deliberately, excessively, and egregiously abused his power and has displayed total contempt for the Rule of Law by not only repetitiously and intentionally violating federal statutes, namely, US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, US Code 18 242, but, also, knowingly and willfully acted corruptly in committing the alleged criminal offenses under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512 and under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 101 & 2071 as a result of repeatedly and deliberately acting corruptly by attempting to: 1.) remove the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions from the record and/or closing the Plaintiff's Civil Case premised on his prejudicial error of perjury, and, thereby, destroy the evidence which would substantiate the relevant and material fact that would reveal, unequivocally, Judge Michel Pierson's prejudicial errors of perjury, his deceit, his misstating, suppressing, and misrepresentation of the material facts that substantiate the Plaintiff's legal arguments in her 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions. 2.) conceal the material facts cited in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions and supported by the evidence that substantiate the fact that, in his 2-6-19 Decision and Order, Judge Michel Pierson erroneously states the facts, misstates, suppress, and misrepresent the material facts cited in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions material facts, and fail to disclose, address, and resolve the legal arguments as supported by the evidence and federal statutes, laws, and Canons as cited in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 Motions. 3.) conceal the fact that Judge Michel Pierson failed to uphold his duty as the Officer of the Court to state a single material fact, legal ground or authority in his 2-6-19 and 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders that refute the material facts cited in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions. 4.) conceal the fact that Judge Michel Pierson failed to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support the Plaintiff's legal arguments as asserted in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions. 5.) conceal the fact that Judge Michel Pierson failed to perform his duty and legal requirement as an Officer of the Court to enforce Canons 1, 2, and 3, 28 U.S.C & 455 and Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, and to uphold and defend the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 15th day of February 2019 a copy of the Plaintiff's Motion To Request A Hearing On Judge Michel Pierson's 2-6-19 Decision And Order, Motion To Have Judge Michel Pierson Immediately Disqualified From Presiding Over The Plaintiff's Motions And/or Civil Case Because Judge Michel Pierson is One Of the Judges In The Plaintiff's 12-20-18 Official Letter Of Complaint And 1-4-19 Addendum to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Congress, And Other Government Agencies Who is Being Alleged To Have Intentionally Committed The Federal Crimes of Misfeasance, Malfeasance, And Nonfeasance Under US Code Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, To Have Deliberately Committed The Federal Crimes Of Breaching The Plaintiff's 7th And 14th Amendment Rights And Other Federal Statutes, Laws, And Canons Under 18 USC 242, To Have Deliberately Tampered With Evidence Under 18 U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512, Have Concealed, Removed, And/or Mutilated Evidence Under 18 U.S. Code § 2071, And, In Deciding The Plaintiff's Motions Dated 9-17-18 and 12-17-18, To Have Repeatedly, Deliberately, Excessively, And Egregiously: 1.) Abused His Power. 2.) Displayed Total

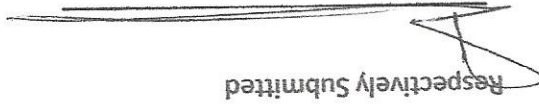
Certificate of Service

410-288-6123

Baltimore, Maryland 21222

131 Calvin Hill Court

Diana R. Williams, Pro Se



Respectively Submitted

Thus, in conclusion, the Plaintiff is requesting that this Honorable Court grant all of the Plaintiff's 1st Motions.

Conclusion

other federal laws and statutes as obligated as an Officer of the Court. 6) conceal Judge Michel Pierson exhibiting judicial misconduct and wrong doing by committing perjury, violating the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights, and other federal laws and statutes. 7.) conceal the fact that Judge Michel Pierson failed to lawfully and properly execute federal laws and statutes as the Officer of the Court. 8.) conceal the fact that Judge Michel Pierson can't justify his lack of providing legal grounds and authorities in his 2-6-19 and 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders and that the two other Officers of the Court who presided over the Plaintiff's Motions, also, failed to provide any legal grounds and authorities in their Decisions and Orders for even denying the Plaintiff's Motions. 9.) conceal the fact that Judge Michel Pierson failed to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support the Plaintiff's legal arguments as asserted in the Plaintiff's 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions.

Contempt For The Rule Of Law. 3.) Committed The Federal Crimes of Mifseasance, Malfeasance, and Nonfeasance in The Conduct Of The Office Under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505. 4.) Committed The Federal Crimes Of Depriving The Plaintiff Of Her 7th And 14th Amendment Rights And By Violating Other Federal Statutes, Laws, And Canons. 5.) Tampered With Evidence Under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512. 6.) Concealed, Removed, And/or Mutilated Evidence Under 18 U.S. Code § 2071. Motion To Have The Judge Appointed By Hon. Gov. Hogan To Reconsider All of the Plaintiff's Motions dated 9-17-18 and 12-17-18 (hereinafter "1st Motions") were mailed, postage paid to: Larry H. Kirsch, Esquire, 402 Long Trail Terrace, Rockville, Maryland 20850.

Cc: Hon. Hon. President Trump, Hon. Gov. Hogan, and other government agencies



Diana R. Williams, Pro Se

Exhibit A

To: Hon. President Trump, Hon. Gov. Hogan, Senator Chuck Grassley, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Senator Bob Goodlatte, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, Jeff Session, Attorney General, Rod Rosenstein, Deputy Attorney General, Chris Wray, Director of the FBI, Michael Harwich, Inspector General, Marilyn Mosby, State's Attorney for Baltimore, Maryland, Emmet C. Davitt, State Prosecutor of Md., Pamela Ortiz, Director for the Access to Justice Department, Ms. Pamela Harris, Administrator for Md. Courts

From: Ms. Diana R. Williams, Complainant

Re: 1.) OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF ALLEGATIONS OF FEDERAL CRIMES AGAINST JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON, THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT FOR BALTIMORE CITY CIRCUIT COURT, NAMELY, OF MISFEASANCE, MALFEASANCE, AND NONFEASANCE UNDER U.S. CODE TITLE 18, PART 1, CHAPTER 73 & 1505 AND OF DEPRIVING MS. WILLIAMS, THE COMPLAINANT, OF HER 7TH AND 14TH AMENDMENT RIGHTS AND BY BREACHING OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES, LAWS, AND CANONS 1, 2, AND 3 UNDER 18 USC 242. 2.) OFFICIAL REQUESTS THAT: a.) A STATE PROSECUTOR BE ASSIGNED BY HON. GOV. HOGAN AND A FEDERAL PROSECUTOR BE ASSIGNED BY HON. PRESIDENT TRUMP AND CONGRESS TO INVESTIGATE THE ALLEGATIONS THAT JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON OBSTRUCTED JUSTICE BY VIOLATING THE FEDERAL CRIMES OF MISFEASANCE, MALFEASANCE, AND NONFEASANCE UNDER U.S. CODE TITLE 18, PART 1, CHAPTER 73 & 1505 AND VIOLATING FEDERAL CRIMES OF DEPRIVING MS. WILLIAMS, THE COMPLAINANT, OF HER 7TH AND 14TH AMENDMENT RIGHTS AND OF BREACHING OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES, LAWS, AND CANONS 1, 2, AND 3 UNDER 18 USC 242. b.) HON. GOV. HOGAN IMMEDIATELY ASSIGN A JUDGE TO PRESIDE OVER MS. WILLIAMS' MOTIONS AND/OR CIVIL CASE, NOT A JUDGE ASSIGNED BY JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON OR A JUDGE THAT WAS APPOINTED BY JUDGE BARBERA, CHIEF JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS OF MARYLAND, OR A JUDGE APPOINTED BY MARTIN O'MALLEY. c.) EACH OF THE GOV. OFFICIALS CTED ABOVE ATTEND AND/OR SEND A REPRESENTATIVE TO ATTEND THE MOTION HEARING REQUESTED BY MS. WILLIAMS, IF THE COURT GRANTS HER MOTION FOR A HEARING ON THE 12-7-18 DECISION AND ORDERS BY JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON.

Date: 12-20-18

NOTE: STARTING 12-26-18, A DAILY REMINDER EMAIL OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF ALLEGATIONS AND REQUESTS WILL BE EMAILED TO YOUR OFFICES UNTIL I RECEIVE A RESPONSE

To begin, I like to state that, presently, I'm enduring dire financial hardship and can't afford to make copies of all of the documents that are essential in substantiating the allegations of federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson, but through the grace of the TRIUNE GOD, I'm able to maintain the costs of my website, ^{www.dianarwilliams.com} because of the financial support of my loving family. Thus, all of my Motions to relevant to my present civil case, the Decision and Orders of the Court relating to my Motions, and other pertinent documents are given an Exhibit Number and are readily accessible and available for copying by the Hon. President Trump, Hon. Gov. Hogan, the Court, the Defendants, and the

public. As asserted in my 8-6-18 official statement of federal criminal allegations against Judge Fletcher-Hill and Judge Karen Fletcher from the Circuit Court of Baltimore City (hereinafter "8-6-18 official complaint and requests and is Exhibit 43 on my website), as a Mathematics teacher who has been blessed to positively impact the lives of our leaders of tomorrow since 1981, I'm humbly grateful and honored. And although since 1996, I've been exposing lead poisoning in the public schools in Baltimore City and in Baltimore County and have suffered immense persecutions, including losing my home and livelihood and have apparently been blacklisted, if I had to do it all over again and knowing the horrific injustices and afflictions I'm currently enduring, I would it all over again just to save one of our precious child from being exposed to lead poisoning. Also, as can be substantiated in the record of the Maryland Department of the Environment, since 1997, I've been blessed to be an accredited Lead Inspector, Clearance Examiner, Lead Abatement Contractor and, thus, under the Code of Maryland Regulation (COMAR), namely, COMAR 26.16.01.18(B)(1)(e), a Lead Expert.

Also, as cited in my 8-6-18 official complaint and requests, when I first began exposing lead poisoning in the public schools in Baltimore City in 1996, Martin O'Malley (hereinafter "O'Malley") was a member of the City Council and, thus, one of the owners of the lead hazardous schools in the city of Baltimore. In my present civil case, as well as in all of my Administrative and/or Judicial proceedings and appeals which ultimately led to the filing of my 2006, 2015, and 2016 Petitions to the Supreme Court, one of the major issues is that evidence support the fact that O'Malley and other government officials have intentionally exposed our children to lead poisoning since at least 1993, have yet to test all the children that have been exposed to this potentially fatal hazard, and have not compensated the children for their potentially life-long injuries. My Documentary footnotes the evidence in the records of the Supreme Court, the Courts of Appeals, and the lower courts to substantiate the fact that, included in my whistleblowing, was the evidence to support the fact that three public schools in Baltimore City exposed children to lead-based paint hazards, and one school had lead-tainted drinking water. The title of my Documentary alone gives the reader the essence of what's the Documentary is about, namely tracing the journey of my whistleblowing regarding lead hazards in schools since 1996, the obstructions of justice in my Administrative and Judicial proceedings, the afflictions that accompanied my exposing lead poisoning in the schools, and unmerited grace in the being victorious by the TRIUNE GOD. My Documentary is entitled Thanks, Praise, Honor, and Glory to the TRIUNE GOD for Lead and Guidance in Documenting Lead Poisoning in the Schools and the Obstructions of Justice in Order to Conceal the Indisputable Truths.

Although I recognized in writing my Documentary that the Officers of the Court had obstructed justice in the same manner in all of my Administrative and/or Judicial Proceedings and appeals that led up to my 2006, 2015, and 2016 Petitions to the Supreme Court, I did not know until having to obtain tremendous legal knowledge as a result of going through the afflictions in this present civil case that such alleged corrupt acts when supported with substantial evidence constitute breaching two federal crimes which are punishable by jail time, namely, the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and the federal crimes of breaching my 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242.

As declared in my 12-17-18 Motions (Exhibit 60 on website) , stamped and dated 12-17-18 as being filed in the Baltimore City Circuit Court (Exhibit 59 on my website), although I filed at least Motions to have Judge Fletcher-Hill disqualified from presiding over my Motions and civil case, I did not know that my

Under the definition of U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 § 1505, a judge obstructs justice when he/she acts corruptly, or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication influences, obstructs, or impedes or endeavors to influence, obstruct, or impede the due and proper administration of the law under which any pending proceeding is being had before any department or agency of the United States. Obstruction can include crimes committed by judges, prosecutors, attorney generals, and elected officials in general. Such obstruction by judges and other government officials are cited as misteasance, maffesasance, or nonfeasance in the conduct of the office. Furthermore, under Section 242 of Title 18, it's a crime for a person acting under color of any law to willfully deprive a person of a right or privilege protected by the Constitution or laws of the United States, and the U.S Supreme Court says it is a crime for any person acting on behalf of the government as an agent to willfully deprive or conspire to deprive a person of any law that is protected by the U.S Constitution.

I, Diana R. Williams, the Complainant, would like for this letter to serve as my Official Statement Of Allegations of Federal Crimes Against Judge Michel Pierson, namely, the federal crimes of misteasance, maffesasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and the federal crimes of breaching the my 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons Under 18 USC 242. Also, my official requests are that: 1.) a state prosecutor be assigned by Hon. Gov. Hogan and a federal prosecutor be assigned by Hon. President Trump and Congress to investigate the allegations that Judge Michel Pierson obstructed justice by violating the federal crimes of misteasance, maffesasance, and nonfeasance under U.S Code Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and federal crimes of depriving Ms. Williams, the Complainant, of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statutes, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3 under 18 USC 242. 2.) Hon. Gov. Hogan immediately assigns a judge to preside over Ms. Williams' Motions and/or civil case, not a judge assigned by Judge Michel Pierson or a judge that was appointed by Judge Barbera, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, or a judge appointed by O'Malley. 3.) each of the Gov. Officials cited above attend and/or send a representative to attend the Motion Hearing, if the Court grants Ms. Williams' Motion for a Hearing on the 12-7-18 Decision and Order by Judge Michel Pierson.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF ALLEGATIONS OF FEDERAL CRIMES AGAINST JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON.
SUBSTANTIATED FACTS TO SUPPORT THE ALLEGATIONS, AND MY REQUESTS

Consequently, below is my official statement of allegations of these two federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson and the substantiated material facts to support the serious criminal allegations.

Motions were granted until I discovered from viewing the Court's website on 12-8-18 that Judge Michel Pierson rendered his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders on my 9-17-18 Motions (Exhibit 58 on my website), which I finally received on 12-17-18, the same day that I filed my 12-17-18 Motions. As evidenced in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, Judge Michel Pierson cites one phrase to substantiate his decision to strike my 9-17-18 Motions, namely, "The Motion is without merit and is part of a pattern of such filings by the Plaintiff." Yes, that's all Judge Michel Pierson stated as a means of justifying why he decided to strike my 9-17-18 Motions from the record. Thus, in my 12-17-18 Motions, I methodically proved that Judge Michel Pierson's one independent clause for substantiating striking my 9-17-18 Motions was not only absurd, unreasonable, erroneous, groundless, but was, also, unsupported by the evidence and shows a lack of integrity and total disregard for his responsibility as an Officer of the Court to explain or justify his Decision and Orders with relevant material facts, grounds, and laws that support his decision and orders. After taking almost two and a half months to decide my 9-17-18 Motions, Judge Michel Pierson justified his decision for striking my 9-17-18 Motions and closing my civil case by citing just one phrase in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders. Contrary to this one independent sentence stated in his 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders, the evidence of the material facts declared in my highly substantiated 9-17-18 Motions prove that, in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, Judge Michel Pierson deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office, under U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, statutes, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3 by 1.) committing the prejudicial error of perjury by erroneously citing in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order that my 9-17-18 Motions have no merit, insinuating no legal grounds and/or no legal arguments to merit my Motions and, therefore, ordering that my civil case to be closed. 2.) failing to execute his responsibility as the Officer of the Court to cite any of the numerous relevant material facts in my 9-17-18 Motions, especially my 2 legal arguments and the material facts as substantiated by the evidence to support the legal arguments and provide merit to my Motions. 3.) failing to uphold his duty as the Officer of the Court to state a single material fact, legal ground or authority in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that refute the material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions. 4.) failing to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the two legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support my legal arguments as asserted in my 9-17-18 Motions. 5.) failing to perform his duty and legal requirement as an Officer of the Court to enforce to enforce Canons 1, 2, and 3, 28 U.S.C & 455 and Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, and to uphold and defend my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal laws and statutes as obligated as an Officer of the Court. 6.) exhibiting judicial misconduct and wrong doing by committing perjury, violating the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights, and other federal laws and statutes. 7.) failing to lawfully and properly execute federal laws and statutes as the Officer of the Court.

Again, antithetical to Judge Michel Pierson indicating in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that my 9-17-18 Motions have no grounds of basis, in my 9-17-18 Motions, I pleaded that the Court and Hon. Gov. Hogan would immediately disqualify Judge Fletcher-Hill from presiding over my Motions and/or Civil Case and that Judge Fletcher-Hill be impeached, disbarred, and charged criminally because Judge Fletcher-Hill is one of the judges in my 8-6-18 Official Letter and Request and/or emailed addendums

(Exhibits 41, 54, 55, and 56) to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Hon. President Trump, Congress, and other government agencies that is alleged to have repeatedly and intentionally committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfesance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Chapter 73 & 1505 and have repeatedly and deliberately committed the federal crimes of breaching my 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242 and because Judge Fletcher-Hill, in deciding my last three Motions, has: 1.) repeatedly, deliberately, excessively, and egregiously abused his power. 2.) displayed total contempt for the Rule of Law. 3.) Under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, repeatedly and deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfesance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office. 4.) repeatedly and intentionally committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving me of my 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and by violating other federal statutes, laws, and Canons. Moreover, despite Judge Michel Pierson implicating in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that my 9-17-18 Motions be stricken because my Motions have no merit because there is no legal argument, again, insinuating no legal grounds or authorities for filing my 9-17-18 Motions, the verbatim quote of the legal arguments asserted in my 9-17-18 Motions are cited in my 12-17-18 Motions as follows, namely, "CR 59 (a)(4) cites that newly discovered evidence, material for the party making the application that could not have reasonably discovered and produced earlier are grounds for granting the Plaintiff's Motions. The newly discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is that, for the third time, Judge Fletcher-Hill has repeatedly, deliberately, excessively, and egregiously abused his power and displayed total contempt for the Rule of Law by repeatedly and intentionally: 1.) committing the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfesance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505. 2.) committing the federal crimes of depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th And 14th Amendment Rights as afforded under the Constitution of the U.S, and violating other federal statutes, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3 under 18 USC 242, a federal statute that makes it a crime to deprive any person of their rights "under color of law the Color of Law". Still too, another newly discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is that the Plaintiff has written an official letter of complaint and/or emailed addendums to her official complaint to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Hon. President Trump, Congress, and other government officials pleading that state and federal prosecutors be assigned immediately to investigate the Plaintiff's allegation that Judge Fletcher-Hill and other Officers of the Court repetitiously and deliberately committed judicial misconduct as defined under Federal law, 28 U.S.C. & 363, as well as the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfesance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and have repeatedly and intentionally committed the federal crimes of violating the Plaintiff's 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242. Still too, newly discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is that the Plaintiff has pleaded in her official letter and emails addendums that Hon.Gov. Hogan immediately assigns a judge appointed by him to preside over the Plaintiff's Motions and civil case since Judge Fletcher-Hill is one of the judges with whom the state and federal prosecutors are being request to investigate the allegations of federal corruptions against. Moreover, another newly

discovered evidence, material for the Plaintiff, whose being represented Pro Se, and making the application which could not have reasonably been discovered and produced earlier by the Plaintiff is and that the Plaintiff has motioned the Court to Stay any decision and order on her present Motions until Hon. Gov. Hogan And/or Hon. President Trump respond to the Plaintiff's Motions because the Plaintiff continues to question the impartiality of Judge Fletcher Hill presiding over any of her Motions and/or civil case and, also, questions Judge Fletcher-Hill's impartiality as the Chief Judge of the Baltimore City Circuit Court in assigning another judge to preside over her Motions and/or civil case."

Again, although I did not know that Judge Michel Pierson was going to be the judge to decide my 9-17-18 Motions until I discovered from viewing the Court's website on 12-8-18 that Judge Michel Pierson was the judge who decided my 9-17-18 Motions on 12-7-18, in my 3-9-18 Complaint of Judicial Misconduct and Obstruction of Justice to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Hon. President Trump, Congress, and others, (Exhibit 37), amongst other things, I state my causes as to why I question for impartiality of Judge Karen Friedman or Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over my Motions and/or civil case. Furthermore, in this complaint I mentioned that Judge Fletcher-Hill, along with Judge Michel Pierson, and other judges from Baltimore City Circuit Court are named in my emailed addendums to Hon. Present Trump, Congress, Hon. Gov. Hogan, and others (Exhibit 16 on my website) with whom I've alleged to have committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and have repetitiously and deliberately committed the federal crimes of breaching my 7th And 14th Amendment Rights and other federal statutes, laws, and Canons under 18 USC 242; thus, in my 3-9-18 complaint, I cite the following:.... " Moreover, Ms. Williams is requesting that, since Judge Fletcher-Hill is one of the judges from the Circuit Court with whom she is requesting the President and Congress to investigate relative to allegations of judicial misconduct and obstruction and, thus, Judge Fletcher-Hill may be impartial to presiding over the allegations of judicial misconduct and obstruction of justice by Judge Friedman, the Circuit Court have the Hon. Judge Alfred Nance to oversee the Circuit Court's investigation of her assertion of judicial misconduct and obstruction of justice by Judge Friedman. Along with questioning the impartiality of Judge Fletcher Hill presiding over any aspect of her civil case, Ms. Williams is asserting that she questions the impartiality of the following other Circuit Court judges presiding over her 2017 Civil Complaint, because of the alleged judicial misconduct and obstruction of justice against them as asserted in Ms. Williams' 5-6-16 official complaint of judicial misconduct and obstruction of justice and/or email addendums to the President and Congress, namely, Judge Julie Rubin, Judge Michel Pierson, Judge Edward Hargadon, Judge Videtta Brown, Judge Lawrence Fletcher-Hill, Judge Yolanda Tanner, Judge Shannon Avery, and Judge Sylvester Cox.".... Once more and as I declared in my 9-17-18 Motions and in my 648 emailed addendum and counting (Exhibit 16 on my website), now, I fully understand that such allegations of deliberate judicial misconduct and obstruction of justice by these Officers of the Court constitute intentionally committing federal crimes of violating U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 due to these Officers of the Court committing misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office and the federal crimes of intentionally breaching my 7th and 14th Amendment rights and conflict of interest of Michel Pierson presiding over my 9-27-18 Motions and Civil Case, as well as being allowed to assign another judge to preside over my Motions and/or Civil Case because, as declared in my 12-17-18

Motions, I discovered after filing my 9-17-18 Motions that Judge Michel Pierson was appointed around September of 2013 as the Administrator to the Eighth Circuit by Judge Barbera, the Chief Judge for the Court of Appeals of Maryland. As substantiated by the material facts cited in my 12-17-18 Motions, which have already being cited in my present Civil Complaint, in my 9-17-18, 8-6-18, and 4-27-18 Motions (Exhibit 58, 41, and 42, respectively, on my website), in my 2016 Petition to the Supreme Court, and/or in my 5-16-16 complaint and/or emailed addendums to Hon. President Trump, Congress, Hon. Gov. Hogan, and others government officials, in my 3-9-18 Official complaint and requests, in my 8-6-18 Official Complaint and requests and/or emailed addendums (Exhibits 7, 6, 16, 37, 43, 44, 45, 54, and 55 respectively, on my website), the first 5 Exhibits on my website and which accompanied my 12-17-18 Motions support the allegation that Judge Barbera committed the deliberate prejudicial error of perjury, in my 12-17-18 Motions, I cite that one of the responsibilities or duties of Judge Michel Pierson, as the Officer of the Court who presided over my 9-17-18 Motions, was to determine if there was any validity in one of the causes that I had cited for disqualifying Judge Fletcher-Hill from presiding over my Motions and/or civil case, namely, because I questioned the integrity of Judge Fletcher-Hill due to my alleging that the 5 Exhibits that accompanied my 12-17-18 Motions substantiate that Judge Barbera intentionally committed the prejudicial error of perjury in 2015 which caused my right to have my 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland (Exhibit 11 on my website) yet to be considered, addressed, and resolve by this court, which includes the allegations that in 2014, the In Banc Judges from Baltimore City Circuit Court committed perjury, breached my 14th Amendment Right and infringed upon Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause to cover up the material fact that in 2014 Judge Fletcher-Hill violated my 14th Amendment Right and breached Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss my 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the relevant and material facts that Martin O'Malley, former Gov. of Maryland who appointed Judge Barbera as the Chief Judge for the Court of Appeals of Maryland around June of 2013, is being alleged to have intentionally committed misconduct, possibly crimes. Thus, in my 12-17-18 Motions, I cite the following: "...Because the alleged prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera centered on her lying in stating in her September 2015 Order that the Plaintiff's 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland was denied because the Plaintiff was late in filing her appeal and then refusing to correct her prejudicial error of perjury after the Plaintiff's substantiated her perjury in the Plaintiff's 2015 Motion for Reconsideration to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, the issues raised in the Plaintiff's appeal has yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved which includes the allegations that Judge Fletcher-Hill Judge violated the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment Right and breached Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss my 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the relevant and material facts that Martin O'Malley, former Mayor of Baltimore City, is, also, alleged in the Plaintiff's 2014 Civil Case to have intentionally committed misconduct and possibly criminal activities. And, although Judge Pierson demonstrated his response to being appointed to such a privileged position by Judge Barbera and to express his appreciation and/or loyalty, in cited in a newspaper article around September of 2013 that "I'm thankful for the confidence Chief Judge Barbera has shown in me with this appointment", Judge Pierson is still obligated to determine whether Judge Barbera committed the deliberate prejudicial

error of perjury which caused the issues raised in the Plaintiff's appeal to this court relevant to Judge Fletcher-Hill's 2014 alleged federal crimes by the Plaintiff has yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved. The fact of the matter is that, in her 9-17-18 Motions, as well as in her 8-6-18 and 4-27-18 Motions, the Plaintiff cites two legal arguments, one of which exposes the deliberate perjury by Judge Barbera as a major factor in the legal argument as to why Judge Fletcher-Hill should be disqualified from presiding over the Plaintiff's Motions and civil case, namely, that 1.) because of the 2015 intentional prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera, the issues raised in her appeal to this court has yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved, which includes the allegations that, in 2014, Judge Fletcher-Hill committed federal crimes of violating U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 due to his committing misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office and intentionally breaching US 18 242 by infringing upon the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment right and other federal states and laws as a result of violating the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment Right, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss the Plaintiff's 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the material facts cited in the Plaintiff's 9-17-18, 8-6-18, and 4-27-18 Motions and/or in the other documents in the record prove that Fletcher-Hill obstructed justice under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 § 1505 by committing misfeasance in office due to his improperly and unlawfully executing the Plaintiff's 3 separate Motions for his Disqualification, by improperly and unlawfully executing the Plaintiff's right for Substitution, by improperly and unlawfully executing Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, Canons 1, 2, and 3, by improperly and unlawfully executing the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment rights as stipulated in the Constitution, and by failing to clarify what laws or grounds he premised his denial of the Plaintiff's Motions.

Germane to the alleged deliberate prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera, the Plaintiff cites in her 9-17-18, 8-6-18, and 4-27-18 Motions and in her complaints to Hon. President Trump, Congress, Hon. Gov. Hogan, and other government officials, that the attached Exhibits, namely, Exhibits 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively, which are the first 5 Exhibits on the Plaintiff's website, will prove in less than 5 minutes, that Judge Barbera, unequivocally and intentionally, committed the prejudicial error of perjury which caused the issues raised in the Plaintiff's appeal to this court to yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved, which includes the allegations that, in 2014, Judge Fletcher-Hill committed federal crimes of violating U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 due to his committing misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office and intentionally breaching US 18 242 by infringing upon the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment right and other federal states and laws as a result of violating the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment Right, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss the Plaintiff's 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the alleged misconduct and potential crimes by Martin O'Malley. 2.) because the material facts cited in the Plaintiff's 9-17-18, 8-6-18, and 4-27-18 Motions and/or in the other documents in the record prove that Fletcher-Hill obstructed justice under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 § 1505 by committing misfeasance in office due to his improperly and unlawfully executing the Plaintiff's 3 separate Motions for his Disqualification, by improperly and unlawfully executing the Plaintiff's right for Substitution, by improperly and unlawfully executing Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, Canons 1, 2, and 3, by improperly and unlawfully executing the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment rights as stipulated in the Constitution, and by failing to clarify what laws or grounds he premised his denial of the Plaintiff's Motions.

Germane to the alleged deliberate prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera, the Plaintiff cites in her 9-17-18, 8-6-18, and 4-27-18 Motions and in her complaints to Hon. President Trump, Congress, Hon. Gov. Hogan, and other government officials, that the attached Exhibits, namely, Exhibits 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively, which are the first 5 Exhibits on the Plaintiff's website, will prove in less than 5 minutes, that Judge Barbera, unequivocally and intentionally, committed the prejudicial error of perjury which caused the issues raised in the Plaintiff's appeal to this court to yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved, which includes the allegations that, in 2014, Judge Fletcher-Hill committed federal crimes of violating U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 due to his committing misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office and intentionally breaching US 18 242 by infringing upon the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment right and other federal states and laws as a result of violating the Plaintiff's 14th Amendment Right, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss the Plaintiff's 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the alleged misconduct and potential crimes by Martin O'Malley. Consequently, relevant to Judge Barbera's 2015 misconduct and potential crimes by Martin O'Malley. Consequently, relevant to Judge Barbera's 2015 deliberate prejudicial error of perjury, and how Judge Barbera's alleged intentional perjury caused the Plaintiff's allegation of federal crimes against Judge Fletcher-Hill in the Plaintiff's 2015 appeal to Judge Barbera and the other members of the Court of Appeals to still remain undisclosed, unaddressed, and unresolved, and why the Plaintiff questions the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill

presiding over her present Motions and/or civil case" -- Moreover, in order to be able to determine that the attached Exhibits to my 12-17-18 Motions substantiate that Judge Barbera knowingly and willingly committed the prejudicial error of perjury and the negative impact of her intentional prejudicial error of perjury on my appeal to this court as cited above, in my 12-17-18 Motions, I assert, verbatim, from the material facts that relevant to determining the validity of the alleged prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera and the negative outcomes resulting from Judge Barbera's deliberate perjury; thus, I cite the following material facts as stated verbatim in my 9-17-18 Motions in my 12-17-18 Motions, namely, ---- "In these documents, the Plaintiff cites that, in order to comprehend how the Court of Appeals of Maryland committed deliberate perjury in 2015 which caused the issues raised in the Plaintiff's 2015 appeal of the 2015 Decision and Order of the In Banc Judges to have yet to be disclosed, considered, and resolved by any appellate court, it's essential to know that Maryland Rule 7-104 allows 30 days to file an appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, with the first day starting on the day that the last judgment of the Baltimore City Circuit Court is filed in the record by the clerk. The first exhibit (Exhibit 1 on Plaintiff's website) is copy of the document that gives the date of the In Banc Judges' last judgment, which was their denial on July 6, 2015 of the Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration and a New Trial. The second exhibit (Exhibit 2 on Plaintiff's website) is a copy of the docket receipt from the clerk of the Court of Appeals of Maryland which gives the date that the Plaintiff's 2015 Petition for a Writ to the Court of Appeals was filed in the record of this court, namely, on August 3, 2015. The third exhibit (Exhibit 3 on Plaintiff's website) is a copy of the 9-21-15 Order of the Court of Appeals of Maryland which declares that the Plaintiff's Writ was denied because it was filed late to the Court of Appeals of Maryland. The fourth exhibit (Exhibit 4 on Plaintiff's website) is a copy of the Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration to the Court of Appeals of Maryland which asserts that, amongst other things, the evidence in the record of this court, which are Exhibits 1 and 2 on the Plaintiff's website, support the fact that the Plaintiff's Writ was filed in the Court of Appeals of Maryland prior to the 30-day expiration. The fifth exhibit (Exhibit 5 on Plaintiff's website) is the second denial of the Plaintiff's Writ by the Court of Appeals of Maryland. Consequently, the second denial by the Court of Appeals of Maryland is indicative of the fact that this court refused to correct their prejudicial error, even after receiving the Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration which make references to the fact that Exhibits 1 and 2 were in the record of the Court of Appeals of Maryland and which further substantiate that the Plaintiff's Writ was filed on time. In the Plaintiff's 2016 Writ to the Supreme Court (Exhibit 7 on Plaintiff's website), these first 5 Exhibits accompanied the her Petition the Supreme Court to substantiate that the Court of Appeals of Maryland committed intentional perjury in 2015, which would have taken the Justice of the Supreme Court less than 10 minutes to read in order to determine that the Court of Appeals of Maryland deliberately committed perjury which caused the issues raised in the Plaintiff's appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland never to be disclosed, considered and resolved by the Court of Appeals or any appellate court. 4.) Moreover, along with being cited in her 2017 Civil Complaint, in her 8-6-18 Motions, in her 8-6-18 official letter of complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Fletcher-Hill and other Officers of the Court to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Hon. President Trump, Congress, and other agencies, in the Plaintiff's 3rd Emailed Addendum, in her "9-10-18 Reminder of her 4th Emailed Addendum, in the material facts cited in her 581st emailed addendum and counting to Hon. President Trump, Congress and other government officials, in her 2016 Petition to the Supreme Court, and/or in her 2016 Petition for a

Rehearing to the Supreme Court (Exhibit 9 on Plaintiff's website), the Plaintiff declares that the Supreme Court of the U.S is obligated to uphold and defend the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and grant her Petition because the intentional perjury by the Court of Appeals of Maryland caused the denial of due process right of the Plaintiff to appeal her civil case to the Court of Appeals of Maryland and have the issues raised in her 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland to be disclosed, considered, and resolve by the Court of Appeals, namely, that the In Banc Judges from the Baltimore City Circuit Court committed perjury, breached the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and infringed upon Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause and thereby to cover up the material fact that Judge Fletcher-Hill violated my 14th Amendment Right and breached Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Amendment Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss my 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the relevant and material facts that O'Malley and other government officials intentionally committed misconduct and possibly criminal activities"

Judge Michel Pierson, as the Officer of the Court had a duty to uphold my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights. Since I repeatedly motioned for Judge Fletcher-Hill to be disqualified from presiding over my Motions and civil complaint due my asserting that his federal crimes were covered up and temporarily hidden due to the intentional perjury by Judge Barbera, Judge Michel Pierson was obligated to determine if my allegation that Judge Barbera's 2015 deliberate prejudicial error of perjury was and how Judge Barbera's alleged intentional perjury caused my appeal to this court yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolved, which includes the allegation of federal crimes against Judge Fletcher-Hill and the other Officers of the Court. The material facts cited verbatim from my 9-27-18 Motions and Judge Michel Pierson one sentence statement in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order substantiate that Judge Michel Pierson failed to fulfill his legal obligation and requirement as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve this material fact, and, in fact, fail to disclose, address, and resolve any of the material facts which substantiate this allegations and all of the other legal arguments in my Motions. As an attorney who practiced criminal and civil law, but more importantly, as the Officer of the Court, Judge Michel Pierson knew that he had a duty to determine if the evidence substantiate that, in 2015, Judge Barbera intentionally committed the prejudicial error or perjury which caused the issues raised in my 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland to yet be disclosed, addressed, and resolved, which includes my allegations that, in 2014, Judge Fletcher-Hill committed federal crimes of violating U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 due to his committing misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office and intentionally breaching US 18 242 by infringing upon my 14th Amendment right and other federal statutes and laws as a result of violating my 14th Amendment Right, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss my 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the alleged misconduct and potential crimes by Martin O'Malley. Again, the evidence of the one and only complete thought in justifying his striking my 9-17-18 Motions from the record and closing my civil case in Judge Michel Pierson's 12-7-18 Decision and Order, namely, that "The Motion is without merit and is part of a pattern of such filings by the Plaintiff" substantiates that Judge Michel Pierson failed to perform his duty as the Officer of the Court who decided to "Address" my Motions to disclose, address, and resolve the two legal arguments in my 9-17-18 Motions. The evidence of the

material facts stated in my 12-17-18 and 9-17-18 Motions substantiate that Judge Michel Pierson has no grounds or legal authorities for striking my 9-17-18 Motions and closing my civil case, but the evidence certainly substantiate that Judge Michel Pierson has not justified his decision for striking my 9-17-18 Motions and closing my civil case by citing just one phrase in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, namely, that "The Motion is without merit and is part of a pattern of such filings by the Plaintiff."

Consequently, the evidence substantiates that, in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, Judge Michel Pierson deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office, under U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3 by 1.) committing the prejudicial error of perjury by erroneously citing in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order that my 9-17-18 Motions have no merit, insinuating no legal grounds and/or no legal arguments to merit my Motions and, therefore, ordering that my civil case to be closed. 2.) failing to execute his responsibility as the Officer of the Court to cite any of the numerous relevant material facts in my 9-17-18 Motions, especially my 2 legal arguments and the material facts as substantiated by the evidence to support the legal arguments and provide merit to my Motions. 3.) failing to uphold his duty as the Officer of the Court to state a single material fact, legal ground or authority in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that refute the material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions. 4.) failing to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the two legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support my legal arguments as asserted in my 9-17-18 Motions. 5.) failing to perform his duty and legal requirement as an Officer of the Court to enforce to enforce Canons 1, 2, and 3, 28 U.S.C & 455 and Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, and to uphold and defend my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal laws and statutes as obligated as an Officer of the Court. 6.) exhibiting judicial misconduct and wrong doing by committing perjury, violating the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights, and other federal laws and statutes. 7.) failing to lawfully and properly execute federal laws and statutes as the Officer of the Court.

The evidence of the findings in the Decisions and Orders by Judge Fletcher-Hill and Judge Karen Friedman, the two former judges who presided over my Motions and/or civil case, do not justify Judge Michel Pierson's one sentence narrative for justifying striking my 9-17-18 Motions and closing my civil case. Like Judge Michel Pierson, Judge Fletcher-Hill, in his 9-4-18 and 7-23 18 Decisions and Orders, (Exhibits 57 and 52 on my website) states that, in my Motions, I continue the "pattern" of challenging the fairness of any judge who decides any issue against me and, thus, considered my Motions as having no merit in any of my arguments. However, although lengthy, my 8-6-18 and 4-27-18 Motions (Exhibits 41 and 42 on my website) from which Judge Fletcher-Hill rendered his are decisions thoroughly cite the material facts as substantiated by the evidence to prove that Judge Fletcher-Hill and Judge Karen Friedman deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office, under U.S Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3. The truth of the matter is that the evidence of her 12-22-17 Decision and Order which denied my 11-27-17 Motion (Exhibits 47 and 39

on my website), of her 1-31-18 Decision and Order which denied my 1-3-18 Motions (Exhibits 48 and 35 on my website), and of her 3-1-18 Decision and Order which denied my 2-1-18 Motions (Exhibit 49 and 33 on my website), substantiate that Judge Karen Friedman simply denied my Motions, without giving a single explanation or even clarification, although I requested in my Motions for Judge Karen Friedman to clarify her Decisions and Orders.

I agree with the part of the statement of these Officers of the Court is statement, in that, Yes, I do have a "pattern" of citing the in my Motions lengthy legal arguments and the material facts as supported by the evidence to prove that my legal arguments, namely, that Judge Fletcher-Hill and Judge Karen Friedman deliberately committed the federal crimes of misteasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office, under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, laws, and Canons 1, 2, and 3.

As a result of the serious alleged federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson and the overwhelming evidence to support the relevant and material facts necessary to constitute such alleged federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson cited above, I'm requesting that: 1.) a state prosecutor be assigned by Hon. Gov. Hogan and a federal prosecutor be assigned by Hon. President Trump and Congress to investigate the allegations that Judge Michel Pierson obstructed justice by violating the federal crimes of misteasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance under U.S. Code Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and federal crimes of depriving Ms. Williams, the Complainant, of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statutes, laws, and Canons 1, 2, AND 3 under 18 USC 242. 2.) Hon. Gov. Hogan immediately assigns a judge to preside over Ms. Williams' Motions and/or civil case, not a judge assigned by Judge Michel Pierson or a judge that was appointed by Judge Barbera, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, or a judge appointed by O'Malley. 3.) each of the Gov. Officials cited above attend and/or send a representative to attend the Motion Hearing, if the Court grants Ms. Williams' Motion for a Hearing on the 12-7-18 Decision and Order by Judge Michel Pierson.

I look forward to your response to these urgent matters

Sincerely,

Since in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, Judge Michel Pierson asserted that he would "address" my 9-17-18 Motions, a reasonable minded person would conclude that, in order to execute judgement and justice relevant to my 9-17-18 Motions, as an Officer of the Court, it was essential that Judge Pierson disclose, address, and resolve, amongst other things, one of main legal arguments raised in 9-17-18 Motions, as well as in my 8-6-18, 4-27-18 and 4-6-18 Motions, namely, my 8-month plea (from April 2018 to December of 2018 3 different Motions) that Judge Fletcher-Hill be disqualified from presiding over my Motions and civil case because, amongst other things, I questioned his impartiality due to my having alleged in my 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland (Exhibit 11 on website) that the, in 2014, the in Banc Judges from Baltimore City Circuit Court committed perjury, breached my 14th Amendment Right and infringed upon Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause to cover up the material facts that, in 2014, Judge Fletcher-Hill violated my 14th Amendment Right and breached Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss my 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the relevant and material facts that Martin O'Malley, former

As stated in my 12-20-18 Official Statement of Allegations of Federal Crimes Against Judge Michel Pierson, the Administrator for the Eighth Circuit for Baltimore City Circuit Court, which was mailed to Hon. President Trump and Hon. Gov. Hogan on 12-21-18 (Exhibit 61 on my website, www.diana-williams.com), my 12-17-18 Motions (Exhibit 60 on my website), amongst other things, plead for a hearing on the 12-7-18 Decision and Orders by Judge Michel Pierson (Exhibit 59 on website). Also, in my 12-20-18 Official Statement alleging federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson, amongst other things, I've requested that each government official listed above attend the hearing if I'm granted this Motion and/or send a representative.

NOTE: AS OF 1-7-19, ALL EMAILED ADDENDUMS AND DAILY REMINDER EMAILS TO THIS OFFICIAL COMPLAINT AGAINST JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON WILL BE SENT TO YOUR OFFICES BY EMAIL JUST LIKE THE OTHER 4 DAILY REMINDER EMAILED ADDENDUMS TO MY 8-6-18 OFFICIAL COMPLAINT AGAINST JUDGE FLETCHER-HILL. I CAN BE EMAILED AT diddy_d@verizon.net

Date: 1-4-19

Re: 1st EMAILED ADDENDUM TO MY 12-20-18 OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF ALLEGATIONS OF FEDERAL CRIMES AGAINST JUDGE MICHEL PIERSON, THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT FOR BALTIMORE CITY CIRCUIT COURT, NAMELY, FEDERAL CRIMINAL ALLEGATIONS OF TAMPERING WITH EVIDENCE UNDER U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512 AND CONCEALMENT, REMOVAL, OR MUTILATION UNDER 18 U.S. Code § 2071

To: Hon. President Trump, Hon. Gov. Hogan, Senator Chuck Grassely, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Senator Bob Goodlatte, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, Acting Attorney General, Rod Rosenstein, Deputy Attorney General, Chris Wray, Director of the FBI, Michael Harwich, Inspector General, Marilyn Mosby, State's Attorney for Baltimore, Maryland, Emmet C. Davitt, State Prosecutor of Md., Pamela Ortiz, Director for the Access to Justice Department, Ms. Pamela Harris, Administrator for Md. Courts

From: Ms. Diana R. Williams, Complainant

Elizabeth B

Gov. of Maryland who appointed Judge Barbera as the Chief Judge for the Court of Appeals of Maryland around June of 2013, is being alleged to have intentionally committed misconduct and possibly crimes. Moreover, I further allege that, because Judge Barbera, the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland committed the alleged deliberate prejudicial error of perjury in 2015 in failing to correct her lying in stating in her Order that my appeal was denied because it was filed late to this court, even after I filed my Motion for Reconsideration to this court which referenced the evidence in the record to substantiate that my appeal was filed timely. Therefore, my right to file the appeal and have the issues raised in my 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland have yet be considered, addressed, and resolve by this court or by the Supreme Court of the U.S who denied my 2016 Petition to Court and a Petition for a Rehearing (Exhibits 7 and 9, respectively, on website). Further, as cited in my 12-17-18 Motions and 12-20-18 Official Letter of Complaint against Judge Pierson, as the presiding Officer of the Court, Judge Michel Pierson was obligated to determine if my allegation that Judge Barbera's 2015 deliberate prejudicial error of perjury was valid, if the evidence of the first 5 Exhibits on my website which accompanied my Petition to the Supreme Court and my 12-17-18 Motions substantiate that Judge Barbera committed the intentional prejudicial error of perjury, and if Judge Barbera deliberate prejudicial error caused the issues raised in my appeal to this court to yet be disclosed, addressed, and resolved, which includes the allegation of federal crimes against Judge Fletcher-Hill and the In Banc judges from the Baltimore City Circuit Court. And, although Judge Pierson was appointed to the prestigious position of Administrator of the Eighth Circuit by Judge Barbera in September of 2013 and demonstrated his response to being appointed to the privileged position and expressed his appreciation and/or loyalty in citing in a newspaper article around September of 2013 that "I'm thankful for the confidence Chief Judge Barbera has shown in me with this appointment", Judge Pierson still had a duty as the presiding Officer of the Court to determine whether Judge Barbera committed the deliberate prejudicial error of perjury which caused the issues raised in my appeal to this court relevant to Judge Fletcher-Hill's 2014 alleged federal crimes to yet be disclosed, addressed, and resolved and, thus, support the fact that I had a just cause in questioning the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over any of my Motions or civil case. Moreover, and as asserted in my 12-17-18, 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and 4-6-18 Motions, as well as in my 12-20-18 Official Complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson, in my 8-6-18 Official Complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Fletcher-Hill (Exhibit 43 on website), in the emailed addendums (Exhibits 44, 45, 54, and 55 on website), in my 5-16-16 Official Complaint and/or the 643^d emailed addendums and counting to Hon. President Trump, Congress, Hon. Gov. Hogan, and other government officials (Exhibits 6, and 16, respectively, on website), it will take less than 5 minutes to determine that the first 5 Exhibits on my website prove, unequivocally, that Judge Barbera intentionally committed the prejudicial error of perjury. In order to determine the alleged intentional prejudicial error of perjury Judge Barbera by refusing to correct her prejudicial error of perjury after being referenced to the evidence before her that proved that she had lied, it's important to know that Maryland rule allows one 30 days to file an appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, with the first day starting once the clerk from the Baltimore City Court post the decision in the record of the court. The first exhibit (Exhibit 1 on website) is copy of the document that gives the date of the In Banc judges' last judgment, which was their denial on July 6, 2015 of my Motion for Reconsideration and a New Trial. The second exhibit (Exhibit 2 on website) is a copy of the docket receipt from the clerk of the Court of Appeals which gives the date that my 2015 Petition for a Writ to the Court of Appeals was filed in the record of this court, namely, on August 3, 2015. The third exhibit (Exhibit 3 on website) is a copy of the 9-21-15 Order of the Court of Appeals of Maryland which declares that my Writ was denied because it was filed late to the Court of Appeals of Maryland. The fourth exhibit (Exhibit 4 on website) is a copy of my Motion for Reconsideration to the Court of Appeals of Maryland which asserts that, amongst other things, the evidence in the record of this court, which are Exhibits 1 and 2 on my website, support the fact that my Writ was filed in the Court of

Appeals of Maryland prior to the 30-day expiration. The fifth exhibit (Exhibit 5 on website) is the second denial of my Writ by the Court of Appeals of Maryland. Consequently, the second denial by the Court of Appeals of Maryland is indicative of the fact that this court refused to correct their prejudicial error, even after receiving my Motion for Reconsideration which make references to the fact that Exhibits 1 and 2 were in the record of the Court of Appeals of Maryland and which further substantiate that the Plaintiff's Writ was filed on time. Still too, and as stated in my 12-17-18 Motions and the other documents cited above, in my 2016 Writ to the Supreme Court (Exhibit 7 on website), these first 5 Exhibits accompanied my Petition to the Supreme Court to substantiate that the Court of Appeals of Maryland committed intentional perjury in 2015, which would have taken the Justice of the Supreme Court less than 10 minutes to read in order to determine that the Court of Appeals of Maryland deliberately committed perjury which caused the issues raised in my appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland never to be disclosed, considered and resolved by the Court of Appeals or any appellate court. Moreover, along with being cited in my 12-17-18, 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and/or 4-6-18 Motions, in my 2017 Civil Complaint, in my 8-6-18 official letter of complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Fletcher-Hill and other Officers of the Court to Hon. Gov. Hogan, Hon. President Trump, Congress, and other agencies, in my emailed addendum, in my Reminder emailed addendum, in the material facts cited in my 643rd emailed addendum and counting to Hon. President Trump, Congress and other government officials, in my 2016 Petition to the Supreme Court, and/or in my 2016 Petition for a Rehearing to the Supreme Court (Exhibit 9 on website), I assert that the Supreme Court of the U.S was obligated to uphold and defend my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and grant my Petition because the intentional perjury by the Court of Appeals of Maryland caused the denial of due process right of the Plaintiff to appeal her civil case to the Court of Appeals of Maryland to have the issues raised in my 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland to be disclosed, considered, and resolve by the Court of Appeals, namely, that the in Banc judges from the Baltimore City Circuit Court committed perjury, breached the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and infringed upon Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause and thereby to cover up the material fact that Judge Fletcher-Hill violated my 14th Amendment Right and breached Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1983, Federal Law 42 U.S.C & 1985, and the Federal Supremacy Clause in order to unlawfully grant the Defendants' motions to dismiss my 2014 Civil Complaint, which would have revealed the relevant and material facts that O'Malley and other government officials intentionally committed misconduct and possibly criminal activities.

Judge Michel Pierson can't justify the necessity of his having to clarify and/or provide legal grounds and/or authorities in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order by claiming that the previous Officers of the Court who presided over my Motions had given a detail clarification in their findings by citing the material facts, grounds and legal authorities supporting their denials of my Motions in their Decisions and Orders. Like Judge Michel Pierson, Judge Fletcher-Hill, in his 9-4-18, 7-23 18, and 4-16-18 Decisions and Orders corresponding to my 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and 4-6-18 Motions (Exhibits 57, 52, 46, 41, 42, and 36, respectively, on website) states that, in my Motions, I continue the "pattern" of challenging the fairness of any judge who decides any issue against me. And, like Judge Michel Pierson, the evidence of the findings in Judge Fletcher-Hill's Decisions and Orders substantiate that Judge Fletcher-Hill, also, fail to cite any material fact from my Motions or in the record or any legal grounds or basis to substantiate his findings that my Motions have no legal arguments to justify my Motions. However, after reading my Motions that correspond to his Decisions and Orders, namely, the lengthy but relevant material facts as supported by the evidence in my 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and 4-6-18 Motions (Exhibits 41, 42, and 36, respectively, on my website), a person with a reasonable mind will conclude, unequivocally, that Judge Fletcher-Hill, also, egregiously erroneously stated the facts and erred in his Decisions and Orders. Further, the other Officer of the Court who presided over my Motions prior to Judge Fletcher-Hill was

Consequently, the substantiated material facts cited above accompanied by a thoroughly examining the substantiated material facts stated in my 9-17-18 Motions (Exhibit 58 on website) will lead a reasonable-minded person to conclude that Judge Michel Pierson erred egregiously in stating that my 9-17-18 Motions have no legal argument and cited no legal grounds and authorities to "merit" my Motions and, thereby, ordering in his 12-17-18 Decision and Orders that my 9-17-18 Motions be removed or stricken from the record and my civil case be closed. However, on the other hand, the findings cited in Judge Michel Pierson's 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, namely, his one-independent clause that "The Motion is without merit and is part of a pattern of such filings by the Plaintiff" substantiate that Judge Michel Pierson failed to uphold his obligation as the Officer of the Court to give just one piece of evidence to support his deciding to strike my 9-17-18 Motions and close my civil case or to prove that my Motions were without merit. The substantiated material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions substantiate the material facts asserted in my 12-17-18 Motions that Judge Michel Pierson's one independent clause for substantiating striking my 9-17-18 Motions, claiming no merit to my Motions, and closing my civil case is not only absurd, unreasonable, erroneous, groundless, and unlawful but is, also, unsupported by the evidence and shows a lack of integrity, an arrogant abuse of power, and total disregard for his responsibility as an Officer of the Court to explain or justify his Decision and Orders with relevant material facts, grounds, and laws that support his decision and orders. Further, and as asserted in my 12-17-18 Motions, contrary to the one independent sentence stated in his 12-7-18 Decisions and Orders, the evidence of the material facts declared in my highly substantiated 9-17-18 Motions prove that, in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders, Judge Michel Pierson deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office, under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, statutes, laws, and Canon 1, 2, and 3 by knowingly and willingly 1.) committing the prejudicial error of perjury by erroneously citing in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order that my 9-17-18 Motions have no merit, insinuating no legal grounds and/or no legal arguments to merit my Motions and, therefore, ordering that my civil case to be closed. 2.) failing to execute his responsibility as the Officer of the Court to cite any of the numerous relevant material facts in my 9-17-18 Motions, especially my 2 legal arguments and the material facts as substantiated by the evidence to support the legal arguments and provide merit to my Motions. 3.) failing to uphold his duty as the Officer of the Court to state a single material fact, legal ground or authority in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that refute the material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions. 4.) failing to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the two legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support my legal arguments as asserted in my 9-17-18 Motions. 5.) failing to perform his duty and legal requirement as an Officer of the Court to enforce to enforce Canon 1, 2, and 3, 28 U.S.C. & 455 and

Judge Karen Friedman. And, in Judge Karen Friedman's 12-22-17 Decision and Order which denied my 1-3-18 Motions (Exhibits 47 and 39 on my website), in her 1-31-18 Decision and Order which denied my 2-1-18 Motions (Exhibit 49 and 33 on my website), Judge Karen Friedman simply stated the denial of my Motions without giving a single explanation, legal basis, or authority to justify her denial and even refused to grant my Motion for clarification of her Decisions and Orders. Again, although they are lengthy in specifications, my Motions thoroughly cite the material facts as substantiated by the evidence to prove that Judge Fletcher-Hill and Judge Karen Friedman deliberately committed the federal crimes of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in the conduct of the office, under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and committed the federal crimes under 18 USC 242 by depriving the Plaintiff of her 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and by breaching other federal statute, statutes, laws, and Canon 1, 2, and 3.

In conclusion, I'm alleging that the substantiated material facts cited in this email addendum, in my 12-20-18 Official complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson, and in my 12-17-18, and 9-17-18 Motions prove that Judge Michel Pierson was attempting to tamper with the evidence and/or remove the evidence of my 9-17-18 Motions, which are acts to alter, conceal, falsify, and/or destroy the evidence of my 9-17-18 Motions with the intent to interfere with my civil proceeding. These acts are corrupt and obstruct justice, and, therefore, constitute the criminal offenses under U.S. Code

During the celebration of CHRISTMAS, JESUS CHRIST'S BIRTHDAY FOR ME AND OTHER CHRISTIANS, it was revealed to me new federal criminal allegations against Judge Michel Pierson as a result of his deciding not to just deny my 9-17-18 Motions but to strike or remove my 9-17-18 Motions from the record and close my civil case without citing any material facts as supported by evidence to substantiate that my legal arguments in my Motions have legal grounds and authorities and, thereby, no merit. By simply stating that there is no merit to my Motions without given a single clarification, substantiated material fact, legal ground or authority that would validate his 12-7-18 Orders, and thereby, and by abusing his power by striking or removing my 9-17-18 Motions and closing my civil case premised on his unsupported and unmerited one-sentence statement, I'm alleging that Judge Michel Pierson knowingly and willfully acted corruptly and was attempting to: 1.) remove my 9-17-18 Motions from the record and, thereby, destroy the evidence which would substantiate the relevant and material fact that his one-independent clause was grossly insufficient to justify striking my 9-17-18 Motions and closing my civil complaint. 2.) conceal the material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions and supported by the evidence that substantiate my legal arguments. 3.) conceal the fact that he committed the prejudicial error of perjury by erroneously citing in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order that my 9-17-18 Motions have no merit, insinuating no legal grounds and/or no legal arguments to merit my Motions and, therefore, ordering that my civil case to be closed. 4.) conceal the fact that he failed to execute his responsibility as the Officer of the Court to cite any of the numerous relevant material facts in my 9-17-18 Motions, especially my 2 legal arguments and the material facts as substantiated by the evidence to support the legal arguments and provide merit to my Motions. 5.) conceal the fact that he failed to uphold his duty as the Officer of the Court to state a single material fact, legal ground or authority in his 12-7-18 Decision and Orders that refute the material facts cited in my 9-17-18 Motions and substantiate his one-independent clause, namely, that "The Motion is without merit and is part of a pattern of such filings by the Plaintiff," 6.) conceal the fact that he failed to uphold his legal requirement and responsibility as the Officer of the Court to disclose, address, and resolve the legal arguments and all of the substantiated material facts to support my legal arguments as asserted in my 9-17-18 Motions. 7.) conceal the fact that he failed to perform his duty and legal requirement as an Officer of the Court to enforce Canons 1, 2, and 3, 28 U.S.C & 455 and Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, and to uphold and defend my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal laws and statutes as obligated as an Officer of the Court. 8.) conceal his exhibiting judicial misconduct and wrong doing by committing perjury, violating my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights, and other federal laws and statutes. 9.) conceal the fact that he failed to lawfully and properly execute federal laws and statutes as the Officer of the Court. 10.) conceal the fact that he can't justify his lack of providing legal grounds and authorities in his 12-7-18 Decision and Order and that the two other Officers of the Court who presided over my Motions, also, failed to provide any legal grounds and authorities in their Decisions and Orders for denying my Motions.

Federal law, 28 U.S.C & 363, and to uphold and defend my 7th and 14th Amendment Rights and other federal laws and statutes as obligated as an Officer of the Court. 6.) exhibiting judicial misconduct and wrong doing by committing perjury, violating the Plaintiff's 7th and 14th Amendment Rights, and other federal laws and statutes. 7.) failing to lawfully and properly execute federal laws and statutes as the Officer of the Court.

Sincerely,

I look forward to your response. And, I will send daily reminders until I receive a response to my official addendum to my official complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson. Last but not least, I like to thank Mr. Dakota, who works in the constituent service office for Gov. Hogan, for informing me on 1-4-19 during our pleasant telephone conversation that he has received my 3-9-18, 8-6-18, and 12-20-18 Official Complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Karen Friedman, Judge Fletcher-Hill, and Judge Michel Pierson (Exhibits 61, 43, and 37, respectively, on website) that he forwarded these documents over to Gov. Hogan's legal counsel who are reviewing them, that he will send an email to Gov. Hogan's legal counsel requesting that they send me a follow up of my complaints, and that I can check with him next week to make sure that he received this addendum to my 12-20-18 Official Complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson. Thus, personally and publicly, I thank Mr. Dakota for his kindness, respectful mannerism, its steadfastness in following up on my requests, and his patience in addressing all of my concerns.

Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512 and under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 101 & 2071. Consequently, along with the allegations of the federal crimes cited in my 12-20-18 Official Complaint, I'm, alleging federal crimes under U.S. Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505 and under US 18 242, I'm, also, alleging that Judge Michel Pierson's corruption and obstruction of justice constitutes his committing the federal crimes under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512 and under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 101 & 2071. Therefore, I'm requesting that these two additional allegations of federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson be included in my request for an investigation by state and federal prosecutors, namely, federal criminal allegations of tampering with evidence under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512 and concealment and removal under 18 U.S. Code & 2071. The truth of the matter is that the substantiated material facts asserted in this emailed addendum to my 12-20-18 Official Complaint alleging federal crimes against Judge Michel Pierson, in my 12-17-18 Motions, and/or in my 9-17-18 Motions, indisputably, support the fact that any presiding Officer of the Court that makes a decision on my 12-17-18, 9-17-18, 8-6-18, 4-27-18, and/or 4-6-18 Motions, in order avoid acting corruptly and obstructing justice under US Code, Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 73 & 1505, under 18 USC 242, under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 73 & 1512, and/or under U.S. Code Title 18 Part 1 Chapter 101 & 2071, must determine if I had a justifiable cause for motioning in three different Motions to disqualify Judge Fletcher-Hill from presiding over my Motions and/or civil case because in all of these Motions, amongst other things, I question the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over my Motions as a result of my alleging that, in my 2015 appeal to the Court of Appeals of Maryland, Judge Fletcher-Hill committed federal crimes; but, because of the alleged 2015 intentional prejudicial error of perjury by Judge Barbera, the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, my 2015 allegations as yet to be disclosed, addressed, and resolve. Therefore, as the Officer of the Court, this judge must, also, determine whether Judge Barbera committed the alleged deliberate prejudicial error of perjury in 2015 which caused the issues raised in my appeal to this court relevant to Judge Fletcher-Hill's 2014 alleged federal crimes to yet be disclosed, addressed, and resolved and, thus, support the fact that I had a just cause in questioning the impartiality of Judge Fletcher-Hill presiding over any of my Motions or civil case.